

Dropsonde Scientist

Flight ID 20190922H1 Storm Jerry Mission ID _____

Dropsonde Scientists Kelly Ryan

AVAPS Operators Greene

The Lead Project Scientist (LPS) on the P3 is responsible for determining the distribution patterns for dropwindsonde releases. Predetermined desired data collection patterns are illustrated on the flight patterns. However, these patterns are often altered because of clearance problems, etc. Operational procedures are contained in the operator's manual. On the G-IV the sole HRD person is designated the LPS. The following list contains more general supplementary procedures to be followed. (Check off or initial.)

Preflight

- 1. Determine the status of the AVAPS and workstation. Report results to the LPS.
- 2. Confirm the mission and pattern selection with the LPS and assure that enough dropsondes are on board the aircraft.
- 3. Modify the flight pattern or drop locations if requested by AOC to accommodate changes in storm location or closeness to land.
- 4. Complete the appropriate preflight set-up and checklists.

In-Flight

- 1. Operate the system as specified in the operator's manual.
- 2. Ensure the AOC flight director is aware of upcoming drops.
- 3. Ensure the AVAPS operator has determined that the dropsonde is (or is not) transmitting a good signal. Recommend if a backup dropsonde should be launched in case of failure.
- 4. Report the transmission of each drop and fill in the Dropwindsonde Scientist Log.

Post flight

- 1. Complete Dropwindsonde Scientist Log.
- 2. Download all raw and processed AVAPS files to thumbdrive
- 3. Brief the LPS on equipment status and turn in completed forms and thumbdrive.
- 4. Debrief at the base of operations.
- 5. Determine the status of future missions and notify Field Program Director as to where you can be contacted.

NOAA P-3 GPS Dropwindsonde Scientist Log (revised March 2019)

Storm *Jerry*
Mission ID

Flight ID *20190922 H1*
(exp. 0213A)

Dropsonde Scientist *Kelley Ryan*
Dropsonde Scientist

AVAPS Operator *Greene*
AVAPS Operator

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Drop #	Sonde ID	Time UTC	Lat (°N/S)	Long (°E/W)	Sfc Pressure (mb)	Wind closest to		SST (C)	Eye/Eyewall, Rainband, etc,	Ob #
						Dir/Spd (deg/kt)	Hgt (m)			
✓ 1	185130768	1545	24.41	65.78	1013	165/18	10 71% @ 880mb		end SE	
Comments	Saturated thru ~ 825mb then somewhat dry to surface; <i>southerly winds thru column</i>									
✓ 2	191050487	1600	25.29	66.05	1011	170/44	10		mid SE	
Comments	Column saturated (mostly) to surface; ~10 kt difference in wind speed near surface									
✓ 3	185140153	1624	26.49	67.11	1009	065/33	10		mid NW	
Comments	extremely uniform wind through column									
✓ 4	192041053	1633	27.09	67.40	1013	090/25	10		end NW	
Comments	fairly saturated									
✓ 5	185130822	1647	26.38	68.09	1011	020/15	10		end W	
Comments	obvious VWS between 800-950mb									
✓ 6	185050753	1657	26.33	67.40	1009	030/28	10		mid W	
Comments	uniform wind thru column; subsidence above 900mb									
✓ 7	190950414	1708	26.33	66.68	1002	090/44	10		NESDIS/center	
Comments	late launch detect; saturated 800-surf; subsidence thru 800									
✓ 8	190950393	1719	26.33	65.82	1010	150/44	10		mid E	
Comments	nearly saturated 800-900mb; obvious VWS									
✓ 9	185140164	1726	26.33	65.30	1014	160/34	10		end E	
Comments										
✓ 10	190950126	1743	26.43	66.48	1003	120/56	10		NESDIS/center-ick (E)	
Comments	tons of shear (~30 kts), ESE tilt; column mostly saturated thru surf.									

↓
estimated VWS
7kts
SSE-14

