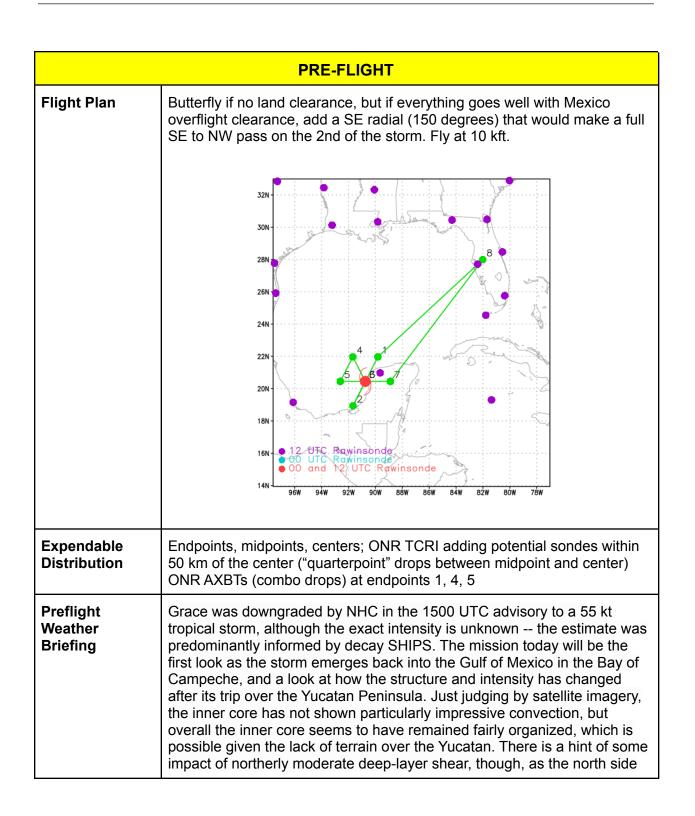
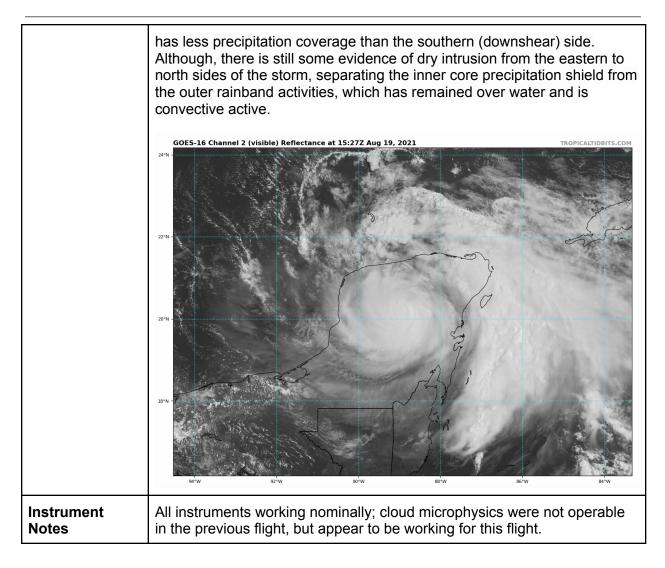
MISSION PLAN				
FLIGHT ID	20210819H1	STORM	AL07 / GRACE	
MISSION ID	1607A	TAIL NUMBER	NOAA42	
TASKING	EMC	PLANNED PATTERN	Butterfly	
MISSION SUMMARY				
TAKEOFF [UTC]	1957	LANDING [UTC]	0230	
TAKEOFF LOCATION	Lakeland	LANDING LOCATION	Lakeland	
FLIGHT TIME	6.5	BLOCK TIME	6.9	
TOTAL REAL-TIME RADAR ANALYSES (Transmitted)	3 (3)	TOTAL DROPSONDES (Good/Transmitted)	19 (19/19)	
OCEAN EXPENDABLES (Type)	3 (ONR AXBTs; 2 good)	sUAS (Type)	None	
APHEX EXPERIMENTS / MODULES	Early Stage Experiment: AIPEX			
HRD CREW MANIFEST				
LPS ONBOARD	Zawislak	LPS GROUND	Hazelton	
TDR ONBOARD	Zawislak	TDR GROUND	Alvey, Gamache	
ASPEN ONBOARD	Sellwood	ASPEN GROUND	None	
NESDIS SCIENTISTS	None			
GUESTS (Affiliation)	None			
	AOC CREW	MANIFEST		
PILOTS	Mitch	nell, Rannenberg, Copare, Legio	dakes	
NAVIGATOR	Freeman, Hough			
FLIGHT ENGINEERS	Darby, Wysinger			
FLIGHT DIRECTOR	Carpenter			
DATA TECHNICIAN	Mascaro			
AVAPS	Underwood			

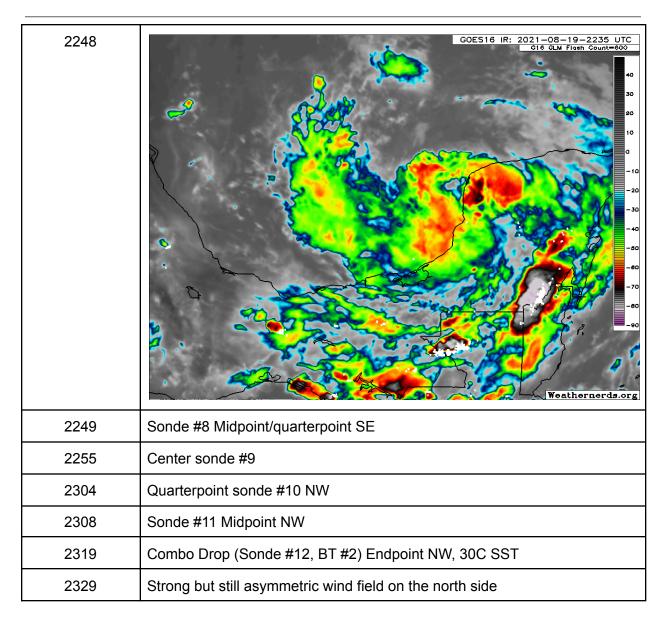


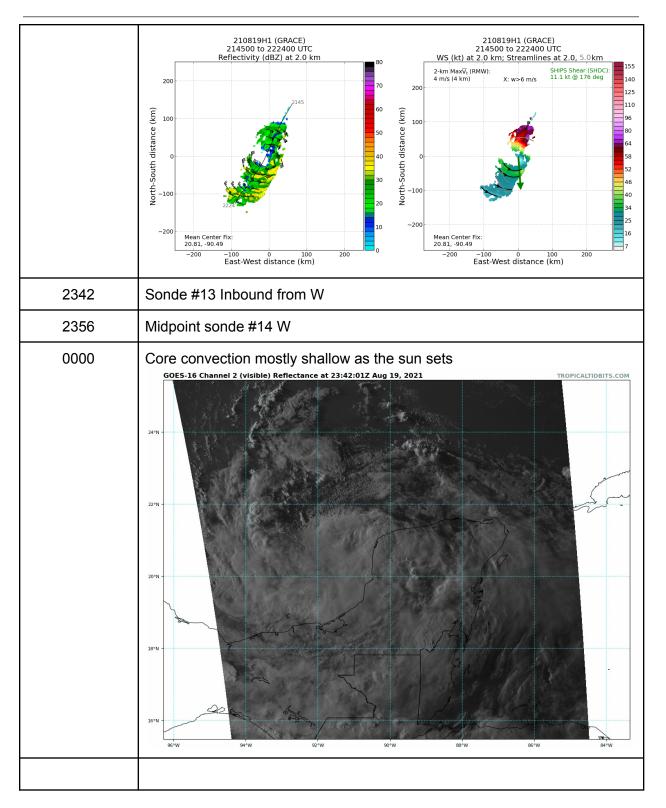


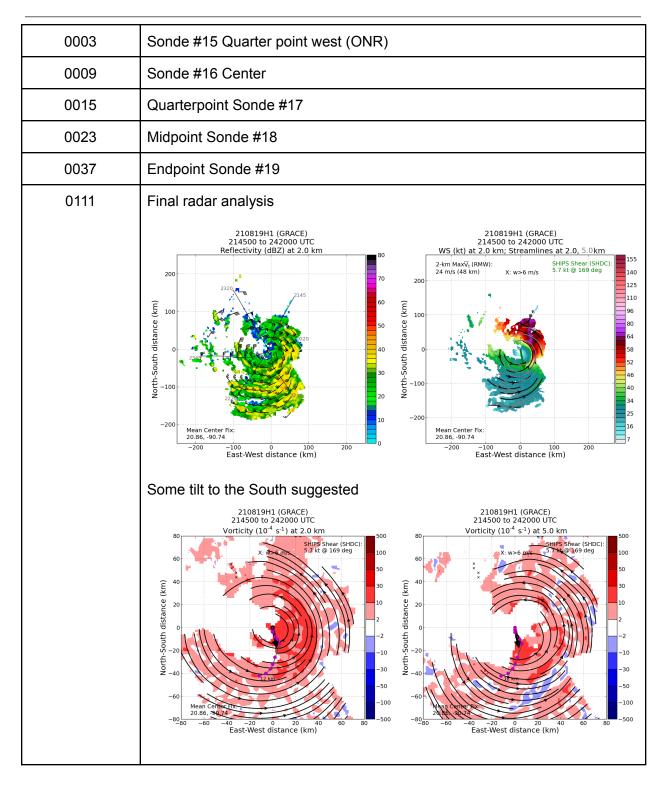
IN-FLIGHT	
Time [UTC]	Event
1957	Takeoff from Lakeland
2107	Appears to be moving off the coast

	COESIE Vis: 2021-08-19-2045 UTC UIS GLAF Prem Count-403 UIS GLAF PREM
2145	Sonde #1 (Endpoint NE), BT #1
2147	Plan to do a microphysics spiral at the end of the first pass
2157	Sonde #2 (Midpoint NE)
2201	Apparent comms outage
2201	Sonde #3 (Quarterpoint NE)
2206	Sonde #4 (Center)
2210	Discussing plan for MP spirals and downwind legs
2210	Sonde #5 quarterpoint SW

2216	Trying to find an area out of convection for the stratiform microphysics spiral, but unfortunately the precipitation on the SW side on the outbound leg is mostly convective with no widespread regions of stratiform precipitation.
2219	Sonde #6 midpoint SW
2226	Ending SW leg a little early due to convection and ships
2226	Endpoint SW Sonde #7
2232	No microphysics spiral due to convection
2242	Inbound from SE







	POST-FLIGHT	
Mission Summary	We flew a butterfly pattern into Tropical Storm Grace as it moved off of the Yucatan Peninsula, with a couple of legs slightly modified due to land. The data revealed that the circulation was still relatively intact after interacting with the Yucatan, although it was still quite asymmetric as noted in previous flights. While NHC had the intensity at 45 kt and MSLP of 999 mb, the observations from the flight suggested that the storm emerged off the Yucatan with a slightly lower MSLP (994 mb) and stronger winds (55 kt). Hurricane-force winds were even observed at 0.5 km in the TDR analyses, though no evidence of hurricane-force winds were otherwise observed in dropsondes or the SFMR. The highest SFMR winds were about 60 kt, though those may have been impacted by the close proximity to the shore and shallower water where SFMR is less reliable. Convection was a little shallow, but some stronger echoes developed on the E and NE side towards the end of the flight. Most of the eyewall on the north to western sides consisted of shallow clouds and precipitation (below 6 km). For most of the flight those sides were fairly open and clear out from the eyewall to beyond 100 miles, perhaps due to the impact of shear. So there was a distinct cloud and precipitation asymmetry within the inner and outer regions of the storm. We expect it to become more symmetric over the next 24 hours as the storm potential intensifies. Given the forecast of the strengthening, perhaps even rapidly, this flight could serve as a great research contribution as an "onset" flight to intensification. The radar data suggested some southward tilt with height, especially above 6-7 km, but it looks like the center is fairly broad at upper levels. Three analyses were transmitted to EMC successfully. No major data issues. 19 dropsondes were released and transmitted, with 14 charged to NWS and 5 charged to ONR.	
Actual Standard Pattern Flown	Butterfly with some slight modifications due to land and outerband convection on the south side (where the first outbound to the SE, and inbound from the SW over land) had to be shortened. The entire pattern was flown at 10 kft, since the Teal aircraft remained at 5 kft.	
APHEX Experiments / Modules Flown	This pattern will be of interest to the <i>Early Stage Experiment: AIPEX</i> as the storm appears primed to intensify. No other modules, including the planned stratiform microphysics spiral due to a lack of target. Flown in collaboration with ONR TCRI.	
Plain Language	• We got 3 passes through Tropical Storm Grace as it came off of	

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Summary	 the Yucatan Peninsula and began to re-strengthen. The winds on the north side of the circulation continued to be stronger than those on the south. Data was sent to EMC to help the model forecasts 	
Instrument Notes	Some artifacts in the radar data along the flight track where the winds were weak and the land was in view of the TDR; therefore, some reprocessing of the level-2 will be required before its release.	
	19 dropsondes released (14 NWS, 5 ONR) 3 ONR AXBTs released (2 good)	
Final Mission Track		

