

Radar Scientist

Flight ID 2015082317 Storm Danny Radar Scientist Reason

The on-board radar scientist is responsible for data collection from all radar systems on his/her assigned aircraft. Detailed operational procedures and checklists are contained in the operator's manual. General supplementary procedures follow. (Check off or initial.)

Preflight

- _____ 1. Determine status of equipment and report results to lead project scientist (LPS).
- _____ 2. Confirm mission and pattern selection from the LPS.
- _____ 3. Select the operational mode for radar system(s) after consultation with the LPS.
- _____ 4. Complete the appropriate preflight check list.

In-Flight

- _____ 1. Monitor the Tail Doppler Radar function regularly, using the realtime TDR display, to make sure the Doppler radar is scanning and working normally.
- _____ 2. Maintain the Doppler Wind Parameter form as well as a written commentary in the Radar Event Log of event times, such as ending and restarting of radar recording. Also document any equipment problems or changes in R/T, INE, or signal status.

Post flight

- _____ 1. Complete the summary checklist and all other appropriate forms.
- _____ 2. Download all Tail (TA) radar data files to thumb drive.
- _____ 3. Brief the LPS on equipment status and turn in completed forms and thumb drives to the LPS.
- _____ 4. Debrief at the base of operations.
- _____ 5. Determine the status of future missions and notify HFP Director as to where you can be contacted.

1st pass center → 15.21N 58.44 @ 182202

Radar Scientist

Flight ID 20150823II Storm T.S. Danny Radar Scientist Klotz

The on-board radar scientist is responsible for data collection from all radar systems on his/her assigned aircraft. Detailed operational procedures and checklists are contained in the operator's manual. General supplementary procedures follow. (Check off or initial.)

Preflight

- _____ 1. Determine status of equipment and report results to lead project scientist (LPS).
- _____ 2. Confirm mission and pattern selection from the LPS.
- _____ 3. Select the operational mode for radar system(s) after consultation with the LPS.
- _____ 4. Complete the appropriate preflight check list.

In-Flight

- _____ 1. Monitor the Tail Doppler Radar function regularly, using the realtime TDR display, to make sure the Doppler radar is scanning and working normally.
- _____ 2. Maintain the Doppler Wind Parameter form as well as a written commentary in the Radar Event Log of event times, such as ending and restarting of radar recording. Also document any equipment problems or changes in R/T, INE, or signal status.

Post flight

- _____ 1. Complete the summary checklist and all other appropriate forms.
- _____ 2. Download all Tail (TA) radar data files to thumb drive.
- _____ 3. Brief the LPS on equipment status and turn in completed forms and thumb drives to the LPS.
- _____ 4. Debrief at the base of operations.
- _____ 5. Determine the status of future missions and notify HFP Director as to where you can be contacted.

HRD Radar Scientist Check List

Flight ID: 20150823T1

Aircraft Number: NOAA 43

Radar Scientist: B. Klotz

Radar Technician: Todd Richards

Component Systems Status (Up ↑, Down ↓, Not Available N/A, Not Used O):

Radar Computer Up

Lower Fuselage (LF) Antenna Up

Tail (TA) Antenna Up

Time correction between LF radar time and digital time: ____

TA Radar Parameters:

(Single/Dual) PRF 2100 F/AST (Y/N) Rotation Rate ____ RPM

Sweeps/File ____ Record 2nd Trip (Y/N) (Circle appropriate status)

Radar Post flight Summary

Significant down time:

Radar LF ✓

Radar TA ✓

Other Problems:

HRD Radar Event Log

Flight ID 20150823I1 Aircraft NOAA 43
Radar Scientist Klotz Radar Technician Richards

(Include down time and times of when recording ended and was restarted)

[illegible]

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[illegible]