E.2 Lead Project Scientist (On-Board)

E.2.1	Pre	flight
	1.	Participate in general mission briefing.
	2.	Determine specific mission and flight requirements for assigned aircraft.
	3.	Determine from CARCAH or field program director whether aircraft has operational fix responsibility and discuss with AOC flight director/meteorologist and CARCAH unless briefed otherwise by field program director.
	4.	Contact HRD members of crew to:
		 a. Assure availability for mission. b. Arrange ground transportation schedule when deployed. c. Determine equipment status.
	5.	Meet with AOC flight crew at least 90 minutes before takeoff, provide copies of flight requirements, and provide a formal briefing for the flight director, navigator, and pilots.
	6.	Report status of aircraft, systems, necessary on-board supplies and crews to appropriate HRD operations center (MGOC in Miami or FGOC at remote recovery location).
E.2.2	In-	Flight
	1.	Confirm from AOC flight director that satellite data link is operative (information).
	2.	Confirm camera mode of operation.
	3.	Confirm data recording rate.
	4.	Complete Form E-2.
E.2.3	Po	stflight
	1.	Debrief scientific crew.
	2.	Report landing time, aircraft, crew, and mission status along with supplies (tapes, etc.) remaining aboard the aircraft to the appropriate HRD operations center (MGOC or FGOC).
	3.	Gather completed forms for mission and turn in at the appropriate operations center. [Note: all data removed from the aircraft by HRD personnel should be cleared with the AOC flight director.]
	4.	Obtain a copy of the 10-s flight listing from the AOC flight director. Turn in with completed forms.
	5.	Determine next mission status, if any, and brief crews as necessary.
	6.	Notify the appropriate operations center (FGOC or MGOC) as to where you can be contacted and arrange for any further coordination required.
	7.	Prepare written mission summary.

On-Board Lead Project Scientist Check List

HR	D		A	oc	
unction	Participant	. Fu	nction	Partici	pant
ead Project Scientist	Aberson	Flig	ght Director	Czyzyk	
loud Physics			ots	The hosborn	
adar		Na	evigator	Rathbun	
Vorkstation	Leighton	Sys	stems Engineer	Roles	
hotographer		Da	nta Technician	Barr	
megasonde	Aberson	Ele	ectronics Technician	Carpenter Carpente	-
XBT/AXCP	Black / Popste		her AVAPS	^ /	
	Location:	taaya	ling:	Carpente	
	Location:	Land		_ Location:	
Past and Forecast St	_ Location:	taaya	ling:		
Re-Off:	_ Location:	Land	ling:	_ Location:	
re-Off:	_ Location:	Land	ling:	_ Location:	

D. Equipment Status

Equipment	Pre-Flight	In-Flight	Post-Flight
Aircraft			
Radar/LF			
Radar/TA (Doppler)			
Cloud Physics			
Data System			
Omegasondes			
AXBT/AXCP			
Workstation	Initial problems talking to AVADS & ASDI, fixed before		
Photography	takeo ff		

REMARKS:

E. (I) Proposed Flight Pattern (sketch or designate by number)

E. (II) Actual Flight Pattern

Hurricane Recco Plotting Chart

True at 25° Latitude, in Degrees and Minutes

ate	·				-	-	Aircraft Observer			Aircraft Observer					-											
20 10	50	40 :	30 2	20 1	10	5	0 4	0 3	90 2	20 1	0	5	0 4	0 3	0 2	0 1		5	0 4	0 3	0 2	9 1	.0	5	0 40)
\perp	Ш																									
																									T	
																				- 1			П		Т	
TT	П	T		Г	Г						Г														\top	_
	П		Г						Г															\Box	十	-
	П		Т	Г			34		200			10	13	33.3							100				十	-
	T																								+	-
	T	\top															Н								\dashv	-
++	\vdash	+															Н							\dashv	+	-
	++	+	-	-				-		\vdash		-				-	Н				-		Н		+	-
++	+	+	-		\vdash	\vdash			-	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash		-	\vdash	-	Н				\vdash	\vdash	Н		+	-
++	+	+	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	Н	_	H	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	-	-	\vdash	Н			-	-	\vdash	Н	\dashv	+	-
++	+	+	\vdash	\vdash	-		_	-	-	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	Н		\vdash	┝	Н				-	-	Н	-	+	_
+-+-	+	+-	\vdash	_	\vdash	H		H	H	\vdash	\vdash	_	Н		_	-	Н			_		L	Н	\dashv	4	_
++	\vdash	+	-			Н		_	_	_	_				_	_	Н					_	Н	\dashv	4	_
4+	+	+	_			Ш			_	_		\vdash					Ц					_	Ц	\Box	4	_
++	\vdash	+	L							_	L												Ц		_	_
+	\perp	1																								
11																										
									-0%	-		6														
																									T	
														-				20						\neg	1	
T		T																					П	\neg	十	-
\top	\sqcap	T	П		П			Т															Н		十	-
11	\vdash	T	\vdash										\vdash				\vdash						\vdash	\dashv	+	-
++-	\vdash	+-		-			-			-			\vdash	_	-		\vdash		-				H	\dashv	+	-
+-	\vdash	+-	\vdash	-	-	-		-	-	-		\vdash		_	_	-	H	_	_	_	-	-	Н	\dashv	$\boldsymbol{+}$	_

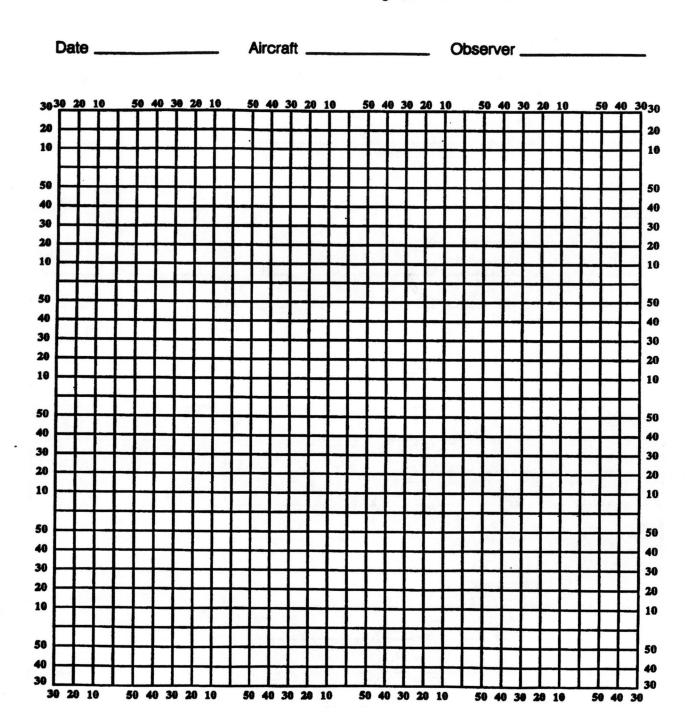
Note: Label full degrees according to location of flight area.

Date 18/9/1991	Date 18/9/1991	Flight 9 709/8H	LPS Aberson
----------------	----------------	------------------------	-------------

Time	Event	Position	Comments
	Commenceation to HAPS		
S:3 S	trued Roady fortaken	¥ MIA	
5:56	Takeoff		
6:47	Convection + 6, - 6,+6	ms-1 rrel.	
7:04	Rodar down, quek	ly brought backur.	
trops on dro	ponde log	,	
1930-1945		AL captivate NOM42 /	turned out to be renother ale
1940-1945	Conviction	,	
2130	Land Barbaclas		
			
	200		

Hurricane Recco Plotting Chart

True at 25° Latitude, in Degrees and Minutes



Note: Label full degrees according to location of flight area.

Date	Flight	LPS	

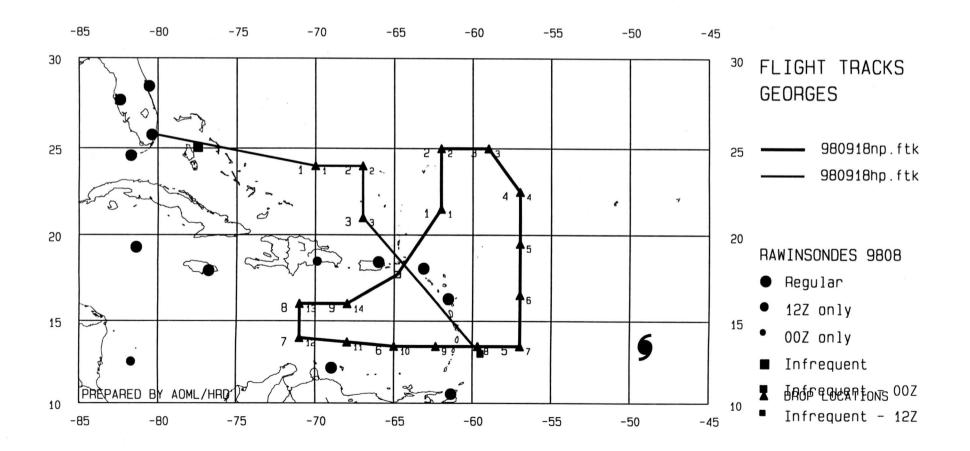
Time	Event	Position	Comments
2			
	-		
		·	
,			
		V	
		†	

Date	Flight	LPS_
	right	LP3

Event	Position	Comments
7-12-1-1-1-1-1		
and the state of the state of		
4 2 4 2 4		2200

•

Time	Event	Position	Comments
		,	
i.			
		*	
	2		
			-
		J. 12 11	



_______ HURRICANE SYNOPTIC SURVEILLANCE MISSION PLAN: GEORGES

Prepared by the Hurricane Research Division at 08:24:17 AM on 09/18/98. File: /users/james/field_prgm/flight_tracks/980918np.ftk

Aircraft: N49RF Altitude: FL410-450 Proposed takeoff: 18/1800Z

TRACK DISTANCE TABLE (nm)

#	L	LAT		ON]	LEG	TOT	AL	TIME
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	21 25 25 22 13	CROIX 30 00 00 30 30 30 30		00 00 00 00 00 00 00	278 210 163 186 543 468 352	0. 3. 6. 1. 8.	0. 278. 488. 652. 838. 1379. 1847. 2198. 2318.		0:00 0:48 1:16 1:39 2:04 3:17 4:21 5:08 5:25
9 10	16 ST	00 CROIX	68	00	173 211		2492. 2702.		5:48 6:27

HURRICANE SYNOPTIC SURVEILLANCE MISSION PLAN: GEORGES

Prepared by the Hurricane Research Division at 08:24:17 AM on 09/18/98. File: /users/james/field_prgm/flight_tracks/980918np.ftk

Aircraft: N49RF Altitude: FL410-450 Proposed takeoff: 18/1800Z

DROP LOCATIONS

=====	=====	====	=====	====	============	
#	LAT		L	ON	TIME	
1	21	30	62	00	0:48	
2	25	00	62	00	1:16	
3	25	00	59	00	1:39	
4	22	30	57	00	2:04	
5	19	30	57	00	2:28	
6	16	30	57	00	2:53	
7	13	30	57	00	3:17	
8	13	30	59	40	3:38	
9	13	30	62	20	4:00	
10	13	30	65	00	4:21	
11	13	45	68	00	4:45	
12	14	00	71	00	5:08	
13	16	00	71	00	5:25	
14	16	00	68	00	5:48	

>

.

HURRICANE SYNOPTIC SURVEILLANCE MISSION PLAN: GEORGES

Prepared by the Hurricane Research Division at 08:35:59 AM on 09/18/98. File: /users/james/field_prgm/flight_tracks/980918hp.ftk

Aircraft: N42RF Altitude: FL180-250 Proposed takeoff: 18/1500Z

TRACK DISTANCE TABLE (nm)

#	LAT	LO	=== N	LEG	TOTAL	TIME
0 1 2 3 4	MIAMI 24 00 24 00 21 00 BARBADOS	67	0 0 0 0 0 0	0. 571. 165. 180. 643.	0. 571. 736. 916. 1559.	0:00 2:08 2:42 3:20 5:43

HURRICANE SYNOPTIC SURVEILLANCE MISSION PLAN: GEORGES

Prepared by the Hurricane Research Division at 08:35:59 AM on 09/18/98. File: /users/james/field_prgm/flight_tracks/980918hp.ftk

Aircraft: N42RF Altitude: FL180-250 Proposed takeoff: 18/1500Z

DROP LOCATIONS

#	LAT	LON	TIME	=
1	24 00	70 00	2:08	-
2	24 00	67 00	2:42	
3	21 00	67 00	3:20	

Mission Summary Georges

980918h Aircraft N42RF

Scientific Crew

Lead Project Scientist:

Sim Aberson

Dropwindsonde Scientists: Workstation Scientist:

Sim Aberson Paul Leighton

CSCAT/VSDR Scientists:

Peter Black, Ivan Popstefanija

Mission Briefing:

Hurricane George beginning to rapidly intensity east of the Leeward Islands, moving westward at about 18 kt (Fig. 1). The subtropical ridge extends east to west across the entire basin between 20N and 30N, suggesting a continuing westerly motion for the storm. A weakness in the ridge near 55W could allow Georges to slow, or turn more northward and miss the islands. The upper-level cold low located near Puerto Rico could also allow a more northward turn. The large cyclonic circulation over the Gulf of Mexico was soon to become Tropical Storm Hermine. Due to the rapid motion, George was expected to impact the U. S. Virgin Islands within 48 h, so the G-IV was quickly tasked to fly a mission during its scheduled ferry flight to St. Croix.

Ensemble perturbations (Fig. 2) suggest that the main areas of uncertainty in this forecast coincide with Georges itself, with the subtropical ridge axis to the north of Georges, and with the cold low near Puerto Rico. A short mission for N43RF was called to sample the area near the cold low which N49RF could not reach during its mission(Fig. 3).

Mission synopsis:

The most exciting part of the flight was the strong convection near the Bahamas. Vertical velocity couplets of 6 ms-1 up and down were experienced twice in this area. Another bit of excitement was the thought that an AFRES plane was experiencing difficulties south of Puerto Rico. This turned out to be two Customs planes which collided over the Caribbean while evacuating Puerto Rico in front of Georges, killing one of the pilots.

Of the three expected dropwindsonde launches, the first had a late launch detect and was replaced. The data soon came in, so four drops were made, and the mission was completed.

DLM wind 98091800 24h T126

