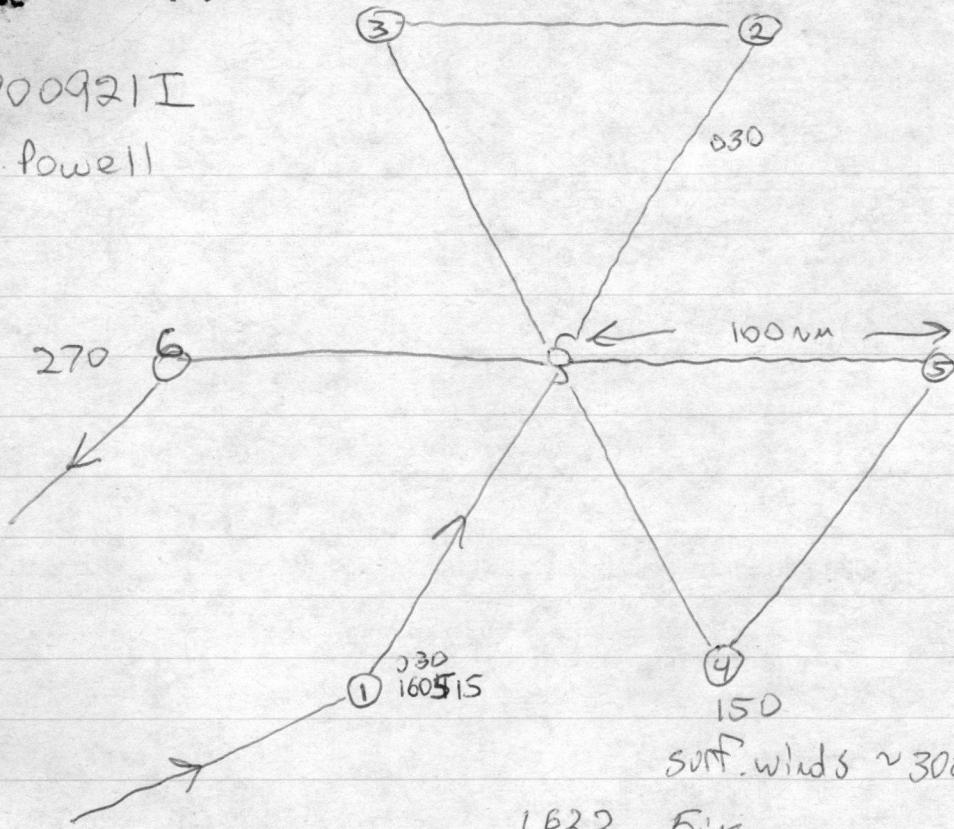


19900921II-SFMR

1/2

900921I
M. Powell

17.9 50.3
NW/5



Photography from
STATION #5 Propsonde
35MM ASA 200 Kodacolor

1627 surplint near center

1629 straboc swell in center

no white caps to determine winds except to SW of center
then weak winds + cloud obscuration made it difficult

1642 wt. caps very short lived (against swell?) $\sim 120^\circ$ ^{WPSFC}?

1647 near band of conv. cells oriented NNWSSE
higher obs. winds

1652 070 WDSFC

1655 090 WDSFC

1657 075

1658 turn to 270°

1700 090

500' Descent 1701

170930 end of descent to 80m Fane 17 ^{log King} AFT.

171230 WDSFC 090°

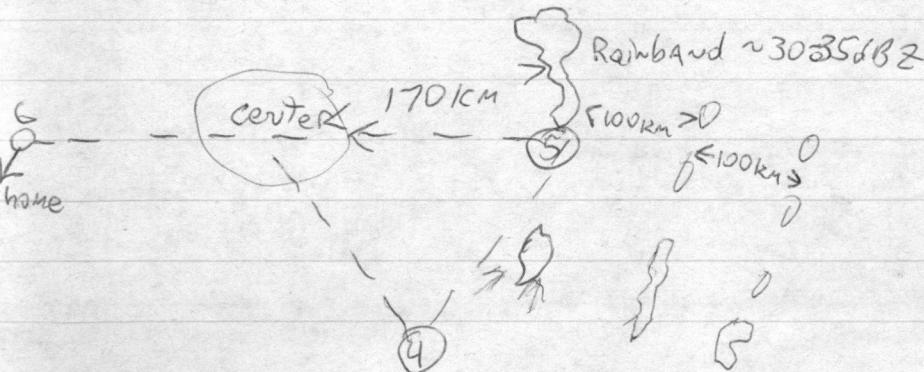
172130 turn to 150

1727 060 WDSFC

1746 1004 mb PSFC 1749 fix

2/2

M. Powell

90092/I ~~TD~~

1756 trk 150 to SE of center

1759 240° WD Sfc1800 S extent of band ~ 80 km ahead1804 WD Sfc 240° 1809 WD Sfc $\sim 260^\circ$ BAND PASSAGE1812 WD Sfc $\sim 240^\circ$ 1814 WD Sfc $\sim 210^\circ$ infl to band (?)

1816 TANT. 26.6

1822 195° WD Sfc

182830 TURN @ pt. \$

183000 Hdg. 030 in

183030 in middle Rainband

183607 090° WD Sfc184100 190° WD Sfc1910 135° WD Sfc Hdg. 2701919 140° WD Sfc1955 $\frac{270}{365} 315^\circ$ WD Sfc2002 330° WD Sfc.2019 340° WD Sfc

Frame 19 MAMATUS from
inner side of middle
rainband
(Somehow went thru)
it twice

900921 I

1602 - afe scattered whitecaps

$$afe WD = 330 \quad SPWS = 10 \text{ ft}$$

$$PL WD/WS = 270/13$$

1610 afe WD = 300 \quad SPWS = 7 \text{ ft}

$$PL WD/WS = 290/9$$

Cloud tops at 1450 m

1614 afe WD = 320 \quad SRWS = 6.1 m \quad SST = RD = 25.5

$$PL WD/WS = 025/5$$

1616 \quad SPWS = 18 \text{ ft} \quad afe WD = 070

18 \quad SPWS = 6 \text{ ft} \quad 060

040

$$PL WD/WS = 116/8$$

1620 afe wind near calm \quad SRWS = 6 \text{ ft}

$$PL WD/WS = 110/3$$

~~RDSST~~ = 25.9

17°17.0 \quad 50°51.8

26.1
SST = 28.5

1622 PL WD/WS = 209/2

1625 RD = 26.3

1630. θ_e in center = 360 K

1635 afe WD = 130 \quad SPWS = 0.

Tair = 26.8

$$PL WD/WS = 119/11$$

sfc looks mottled, like swell from
2 or 3 different directions are interacting

1647 sfc WD = 080 ST=WS = 1
WS/WS = 095/12

48 sudden increase in sfc WS
STWS = 6 kt

1650 ST=WS = 5.5

sfc wind estimates seem a bit low
now, after maneuvering in center
ST=WS = 8 kt WS est = 15 kt
FL WD/WS = 102/13
many whitecaps

1655 If STWS = 16 kt sfc WD = 080

WS sfc est = 20-25 kt

1500	1500		25.7 WS	0e
1150	1150	20.5	25.8	
750	760	26.0	26.4	
250	350	26.5	27.0	25-24
151		27.4	27.3↑	28
500'	170	180	27.4 (27.5)	29 (25) 36.8
250'	80		27.1	27
			27.8	27 076
170930	80		27.7	25 079
			SST = 28.0	

old base = 60m

174 SFWS = 5.4 vis est + descent = 24 lat
 PLWWS = 083/21

1730 ofc WD = 060

1812 ofc WD = ~~120~~²⁴⁰ SFWS = 7.8

1815 wind shift as we pass S end of band

ofc WD = 210 SFWS = 6.3

PLWD/W3 = 245/24 SST = 25.5

1823 ofc WD = 190 SFWS = 8.4

PLWD/W3 = 250/25

1833 ofc WD = 220 SFWS = 3.5 $\frac{WD}{12} = 20$ lat
 PLWD/W3 = 240/28

what is effect of sunlight on SFWS ?

winds seem lower when cirrus cloud overhead

1845 new cal - old winds too weak

old	1845 new	2017	2048 hi
47.40	47.00	47.38	47.46
54.84	54.33	54.53	54.83
56.40	56.00	56.38	56.28
59.93	59.28	59.59	58.95
58.84	58.09	58.57	58.57
53.83	53.29	53.54	53.72

winds too lo?

?winds too hi

after cal, noise in rain rate is lower
 $3-5 \text{ mm/hr} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 1.0 \text{ mm/hr}$

how about an auto cal?

- * step thru different WS, SST guesses and minimize RR and dev
- * also average T_B^{15} first

$$1855 \quad \text{afc WD} = 170^\circ \quad \text{SFWS} = 10.5 \quad \text{SST} = 25.4 \\ \text{PZWP/WS} = 210/20$$

fluctuations in wind much smaller for $\text{SFWS} > 10 \text{ m/s}$

in between bands, no clouds below
AC & CI above

$D_e \approx 351$ as opposed to 362 near center at
top of stratocell

1905 alto Cu base just above us $\sim 2000 \text{ m}$

$$1913 \quad \text{afc WD} = 180 \quad \text{SFWS} = 11.4 \\ \text{PZWP/WS} = 183/20$$

1923 good band penetration
 $\text{SFWS} = 12.5 \quad \text{afc WP} = 180$
 $12 \text{ WDP/WS} = 176/12 \text{ ft}$
vis est afc WS = 20 ft

$$1935 \quad \text{afc WD} = 180 \quad \text{vis est WS} = 12-15 \text{ ft SFWS} = 9.6 \\ \text{PZ} = 190/10$$

small C6's tilting toward S with height

1939 PL 180/8 sfc SFWS = 10.9 m/s
vis est WS = 10 ft WD = 180
 $\theta_e = 362$

scattered white caps \Rightarrow 12-14 ft

1945- PL 010/8

$17^{\circ}15.2'$ $50^{\circ}46.7'$

vis sfc = calm, no whitecaps SFWS = 9.3

* also improve atm attenuation transmissivity calc.

assume const wind, calc change in δ , γ , T_B with alt during descents & ascents

1954 PL 002/10 vis sfc = calm SFWS = 7.5

1954 sfc WD = 315 vis WS = 7-10 ft SFWS = 10.0
PL WD/WS = 0.61/1.0

minimizing RR_{der} won't work!

2021 climb

2000	24.5	SST = 28.0
3150	23.8	
3900	23.0	
4500	22.6	
5200	22.5	
5500	22.2	
5900	22.5	
6300	22.8	

how about a SFMR antenna on back of TA ant
+ rotate it about fuselage?

* there is a drift in the calibration constants
of the SFMR - they decrease, then increase
in course of the 8½ hr flight

lower freqs change least, higher freqs
change most

change of .5 - ~~.7~~.7 causes a wind
speed change of 15 kts (7.5 m/s)

look at changes in that Tant + others - see if
coeff is the right one

* calibrations vary more ~~more~~ within a flight
than they do from flight to flight