

PARAMETER SENSITIVITY FOR IDEALIZED COUPLED HWRF SIMULATIONS IN A SHEARED ENVIRONMENT

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by

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- Goals
- Idealized HWRF Configuration
- Observation-Based Initial Vortex
- Control Run
- Sensitivity to Type of Initial Vortex
- Sensitivity to Parameters
- Future Plans
- Summary

Investigate HWRF sensitivity to PBL and SL parameterizations in a controlled environment

Gain perspective on how important PBL/SL parameterizations are relative to variations in the environment or initial vortex structure

Through calibration, construct HWRF ensembles that include perturbations of similar magnitude from initial and boundary conditions as well as PBL/SL parameterizations

Investigate impact of added PBL/SL perturbations on ensemble-based data assimilation

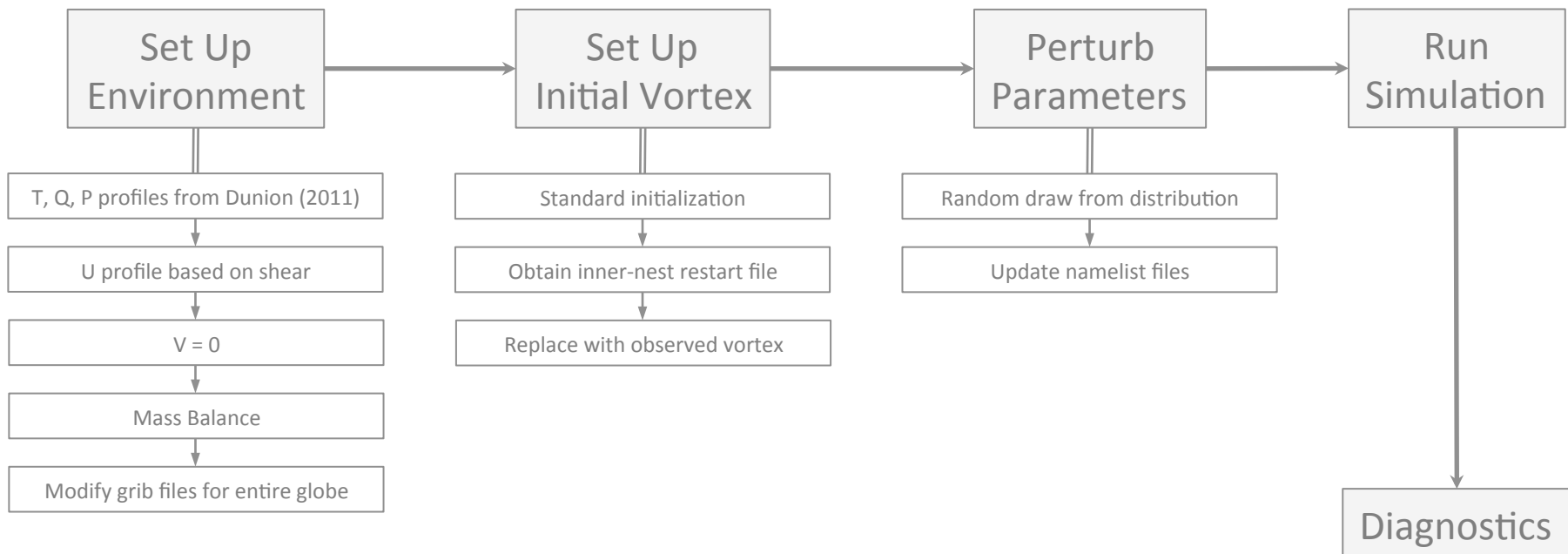
IDEALIZED HWRF CONFIGURATION

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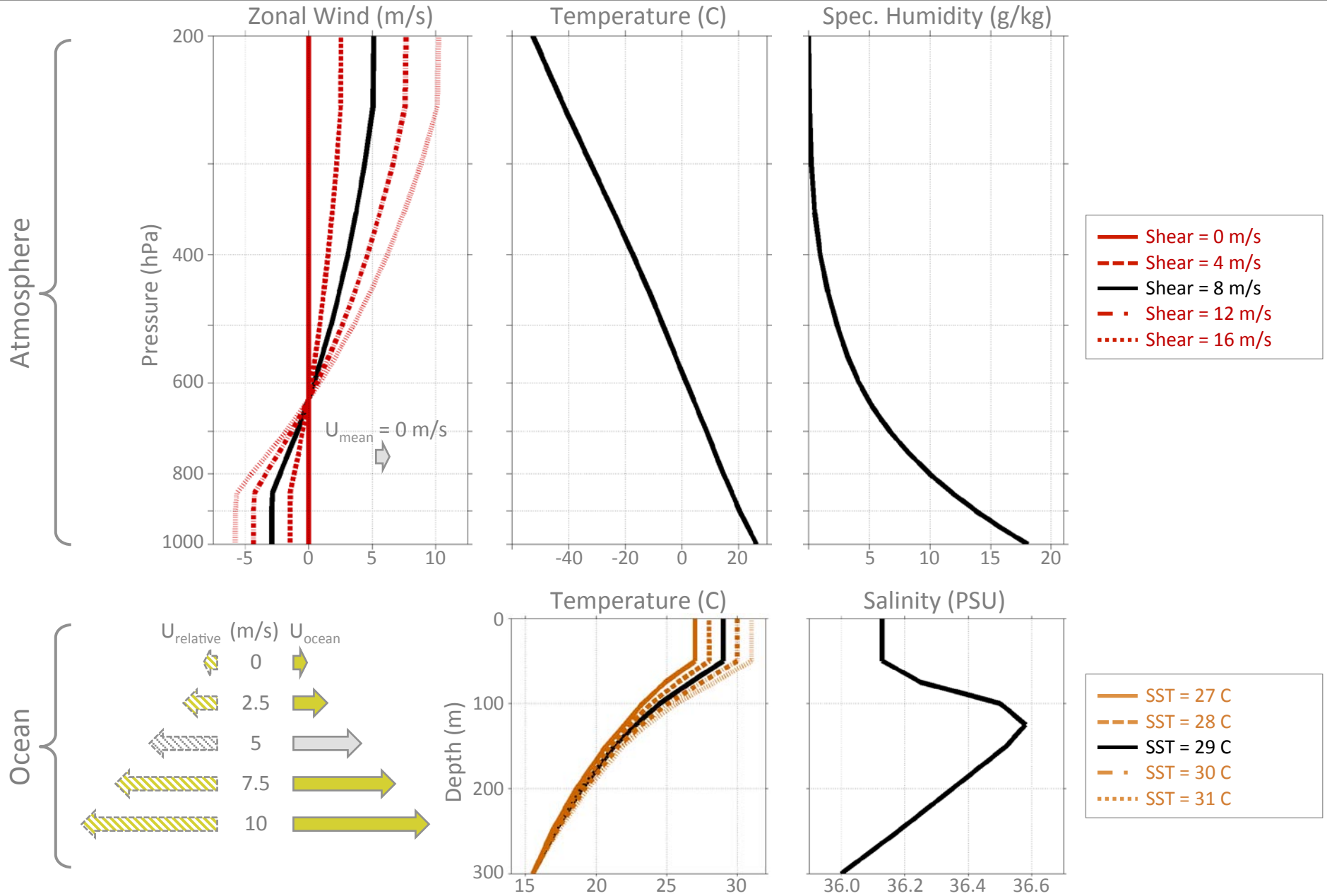
- HWRF configuration:
 - 27/9/3 km based on Gopalakrishnan et al. (2011, *MWR*), 10x10 degree inner nest
 - Repository version of the idealized HWRF code
 - 2012 operational HWRF physics settings
- *Entire globe* initialized with a uniform sounding based on Dunion (2011, *J. Climate*) moist tropical sounding:
 - Same thermodynamic profile as in Dunion (2011)
 - Pure easterly flow with specified 850-200 mb shear
 - Mass adjustment in the meridional direction to balance shear (thermal wind) following Nolan (2011, *JAMES*)
 - No layer-averaged mass transport (to keep the simulated storm in the center of domain)
- Coupled with HYCOM one-dimensional ocean model (G. Halliwell, PhOD/AOML):
 - Uniform initial SST
 - Initial 1-d temperature and salinity profiles
 - Constant zonal ocean current (to mimic storm motion relative to ocean)
- Initial vortex options:
 - Observation-based, composited from all available observations
 - Flavors of Bao et al. (2012, *MWR*)

IDEALIZED HWRF WORKFLOW

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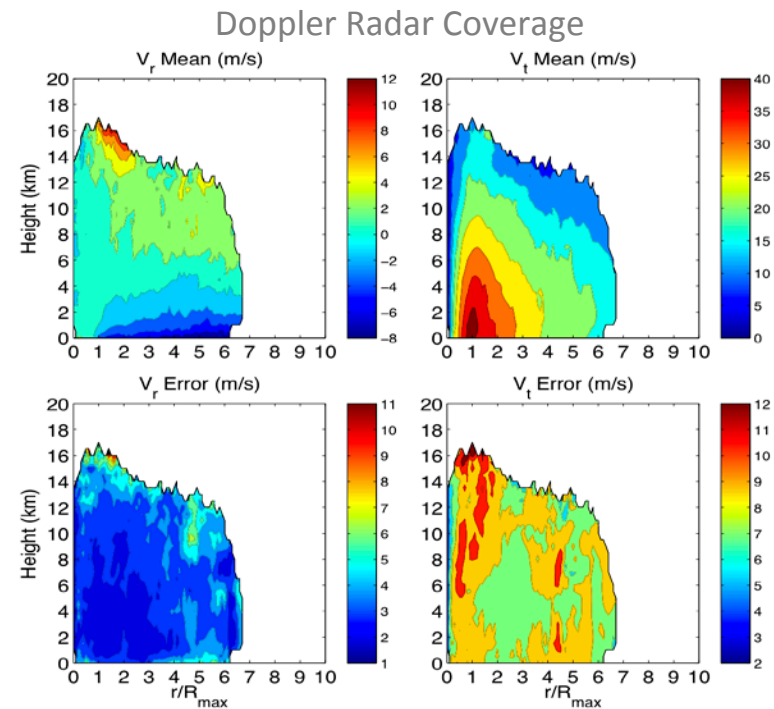
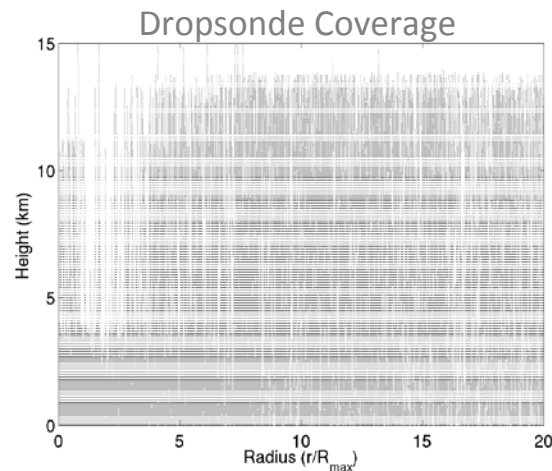
INITIAL ENVIRONMENT



OBSERVATION-BASED INITIAL VORTEX

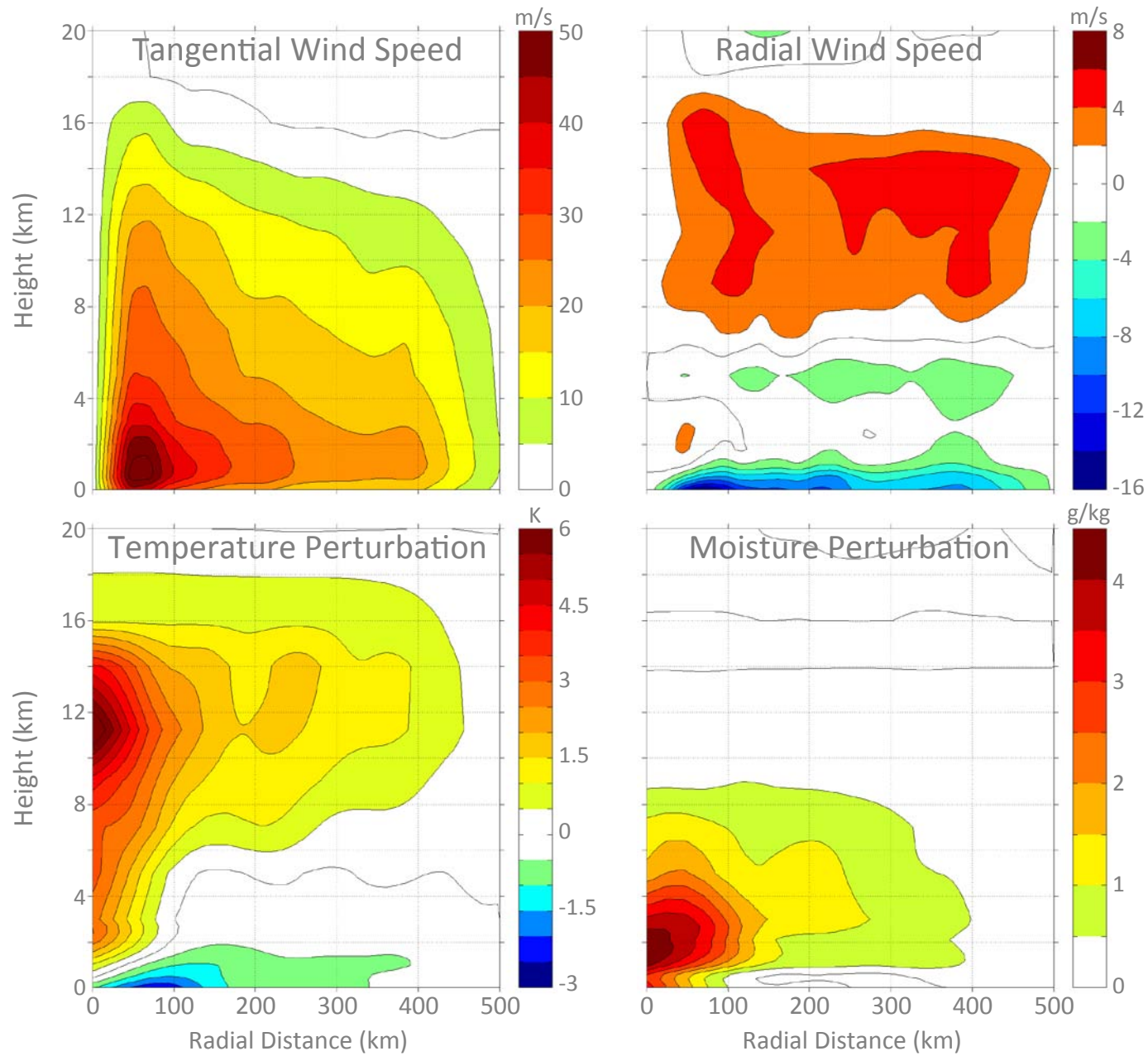
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- Axisymmetric structure of temperature, moisture, and horizontal wind
- Thermodynamic information:
 - Storm-relative GPS dropsonde database (Zhang and Uhlhorn 2012, *MWR*)
 - Historical radius-height cross sections from La Seur and Hawkins (1963, *MWR*), Hawkins and Rubsam (1968, *MWR*), and Hawkins and Imbembo (1976, *MWR*) serve as a low-weight background where significant dropsonde data gaps exist
- Horizontal wind information:
 - Storm-relative GPS dropsonde database (Zhang and Uhlhorn 2012, *MWR*)
 - NOAA P-3 Doppler radar composite analyses
 - HEDAS analyses of Hurricane Earl (2010) by Aksoy et al. (2013, *MWR*) serve as a low-weight background where significant data gaps exist
- Only observations from TCs of:
 - Category-1, steady-state hurricane
 - Moderate shear (5-10 m/s)
 - South of 30N and away from land

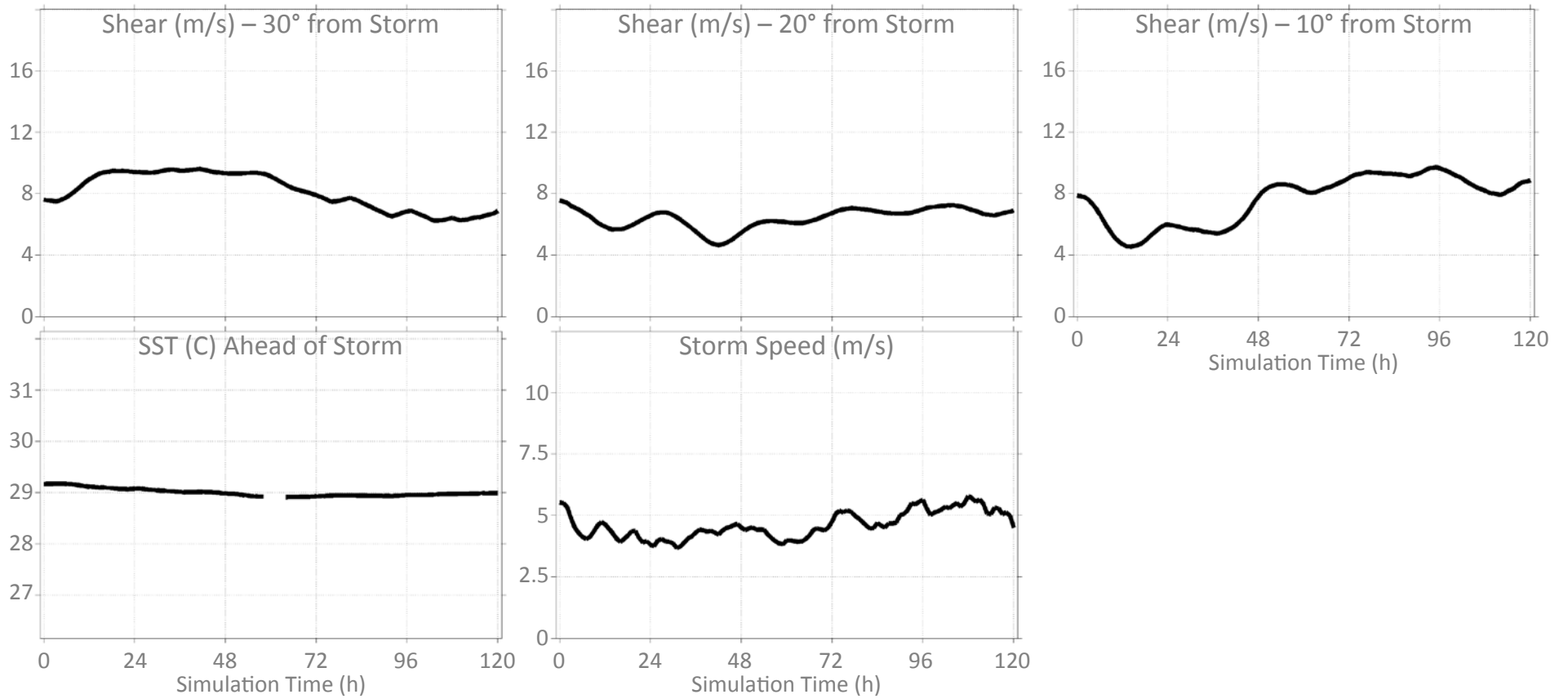


OBSERVATION-BASED INITIAL VORTEX

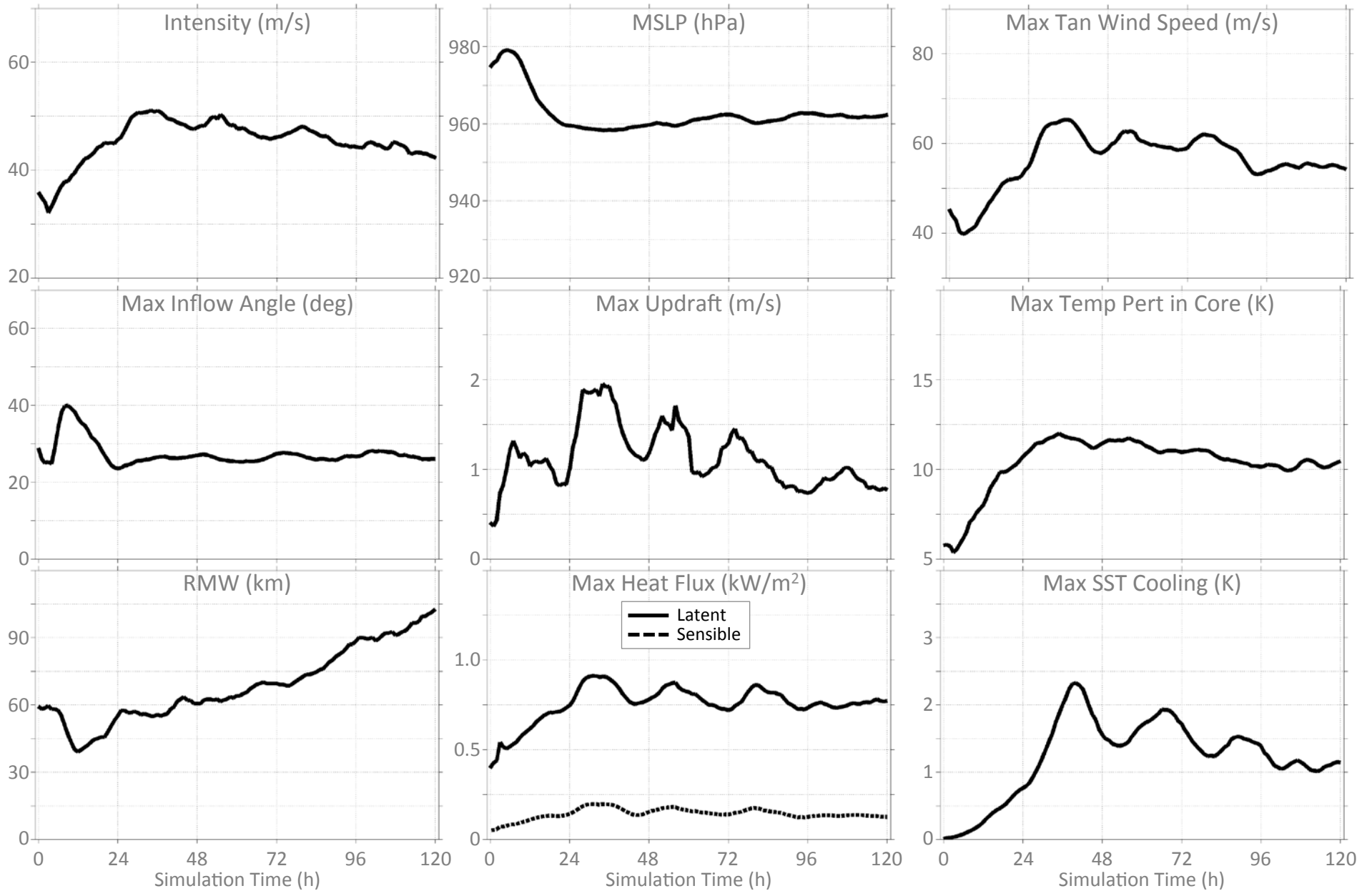
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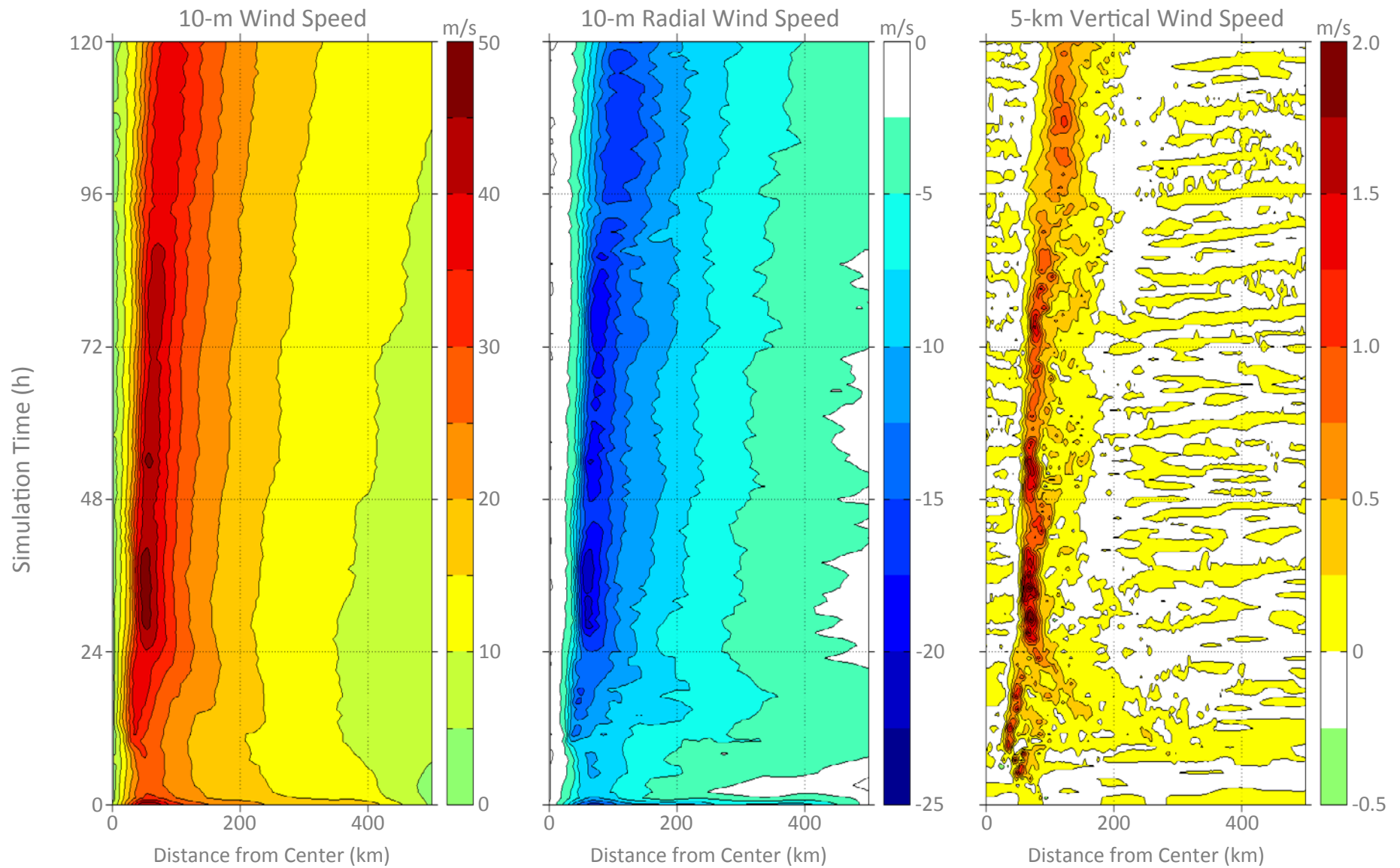
CONTROL RUN



CONTROL RUN

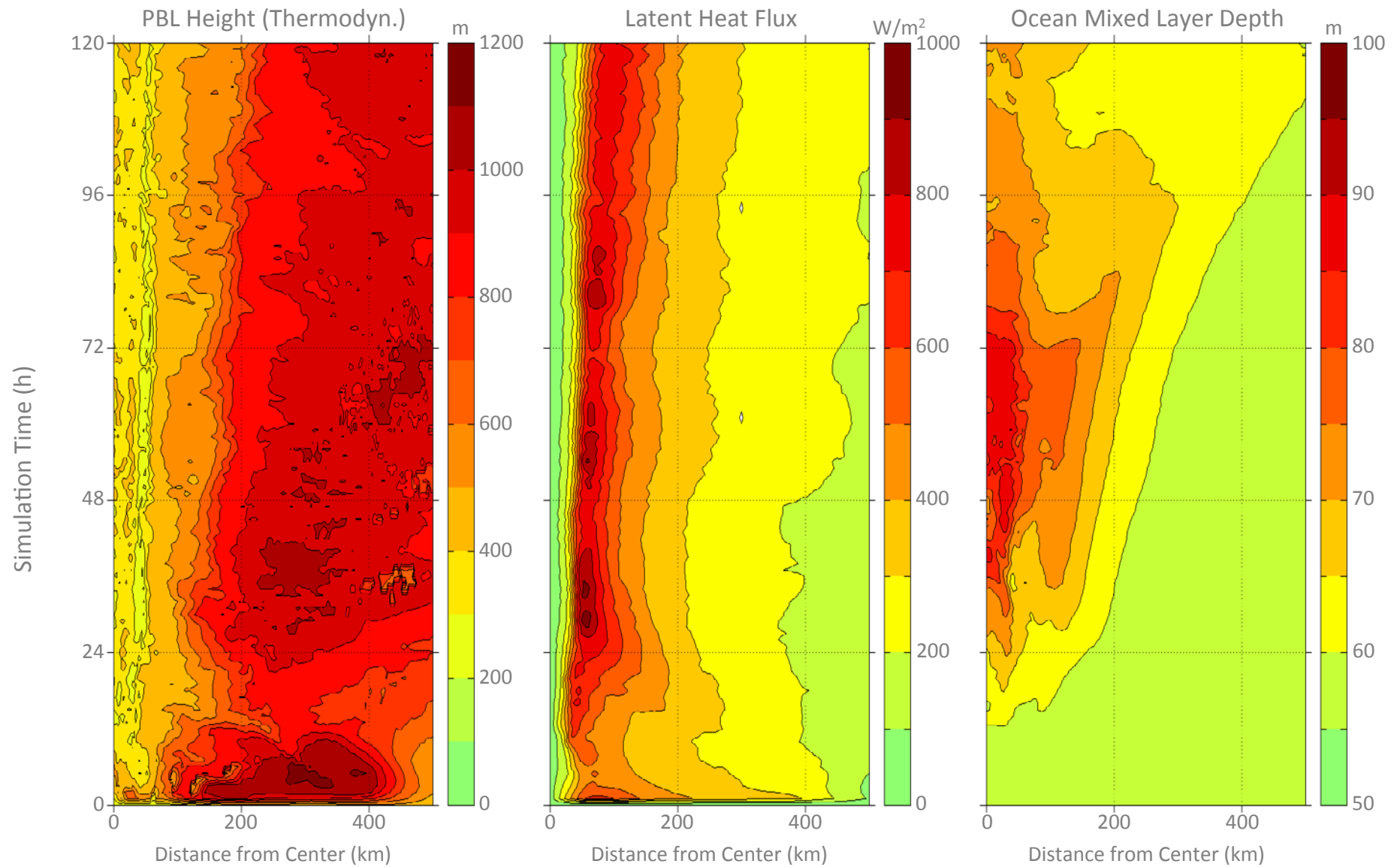


CONTROL RUN



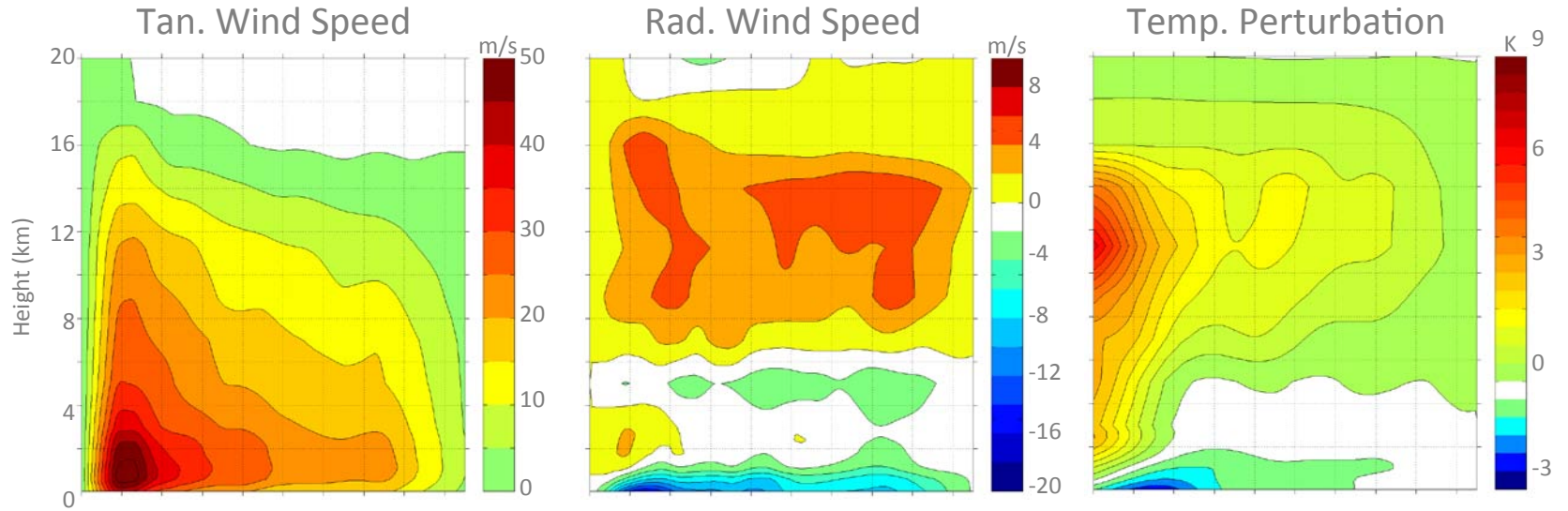
CONTROL RUN

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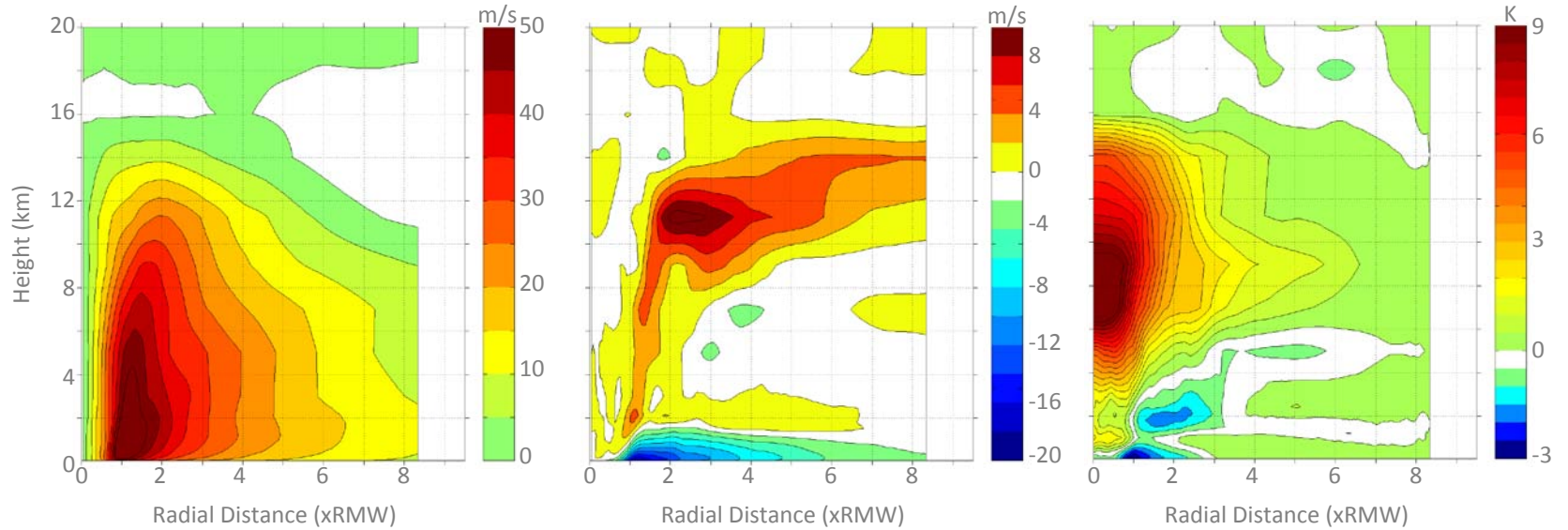


CONTROL RUN

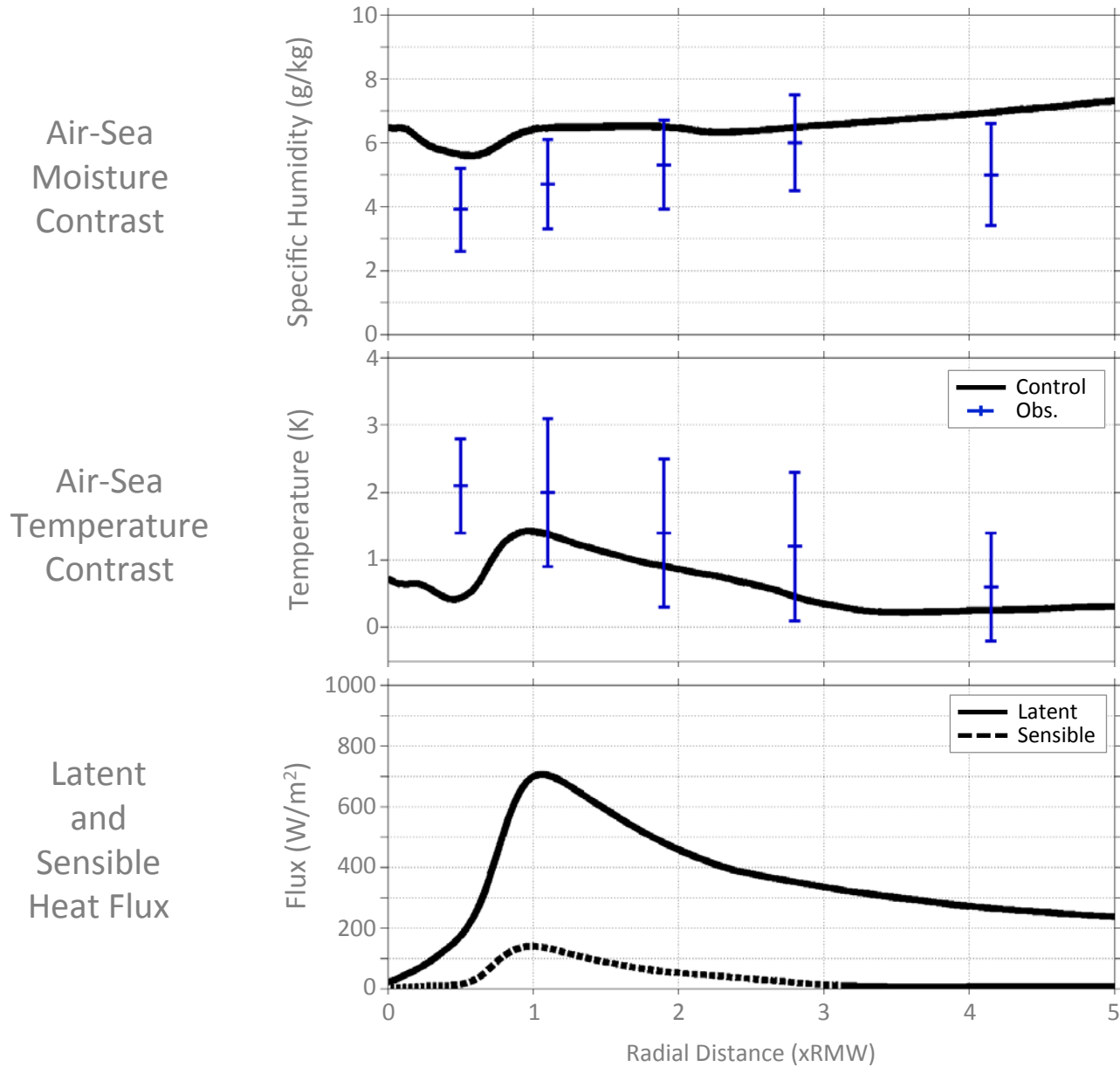
Initial
(Observed)



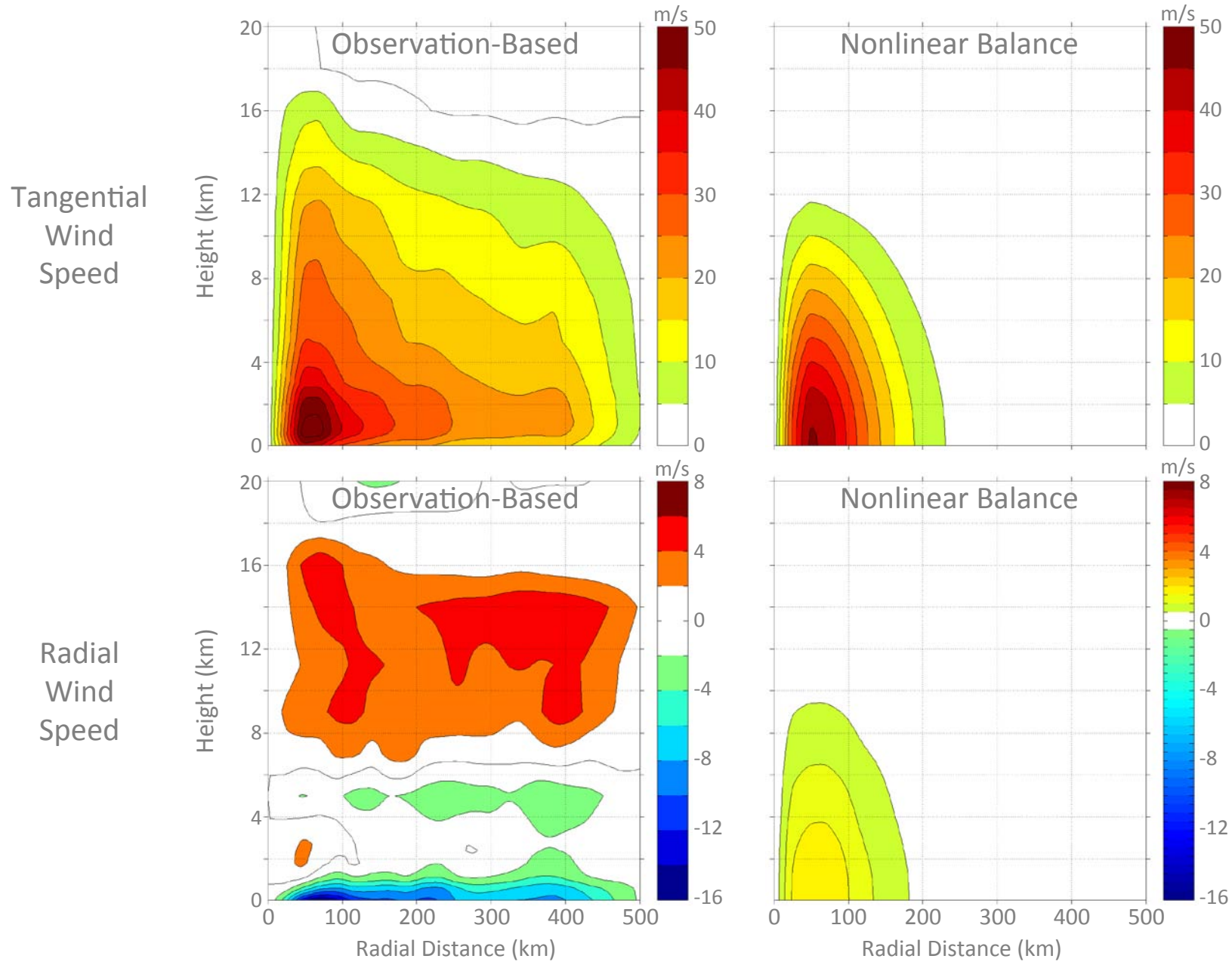
48-72 h
Composite



CONTROL RUN

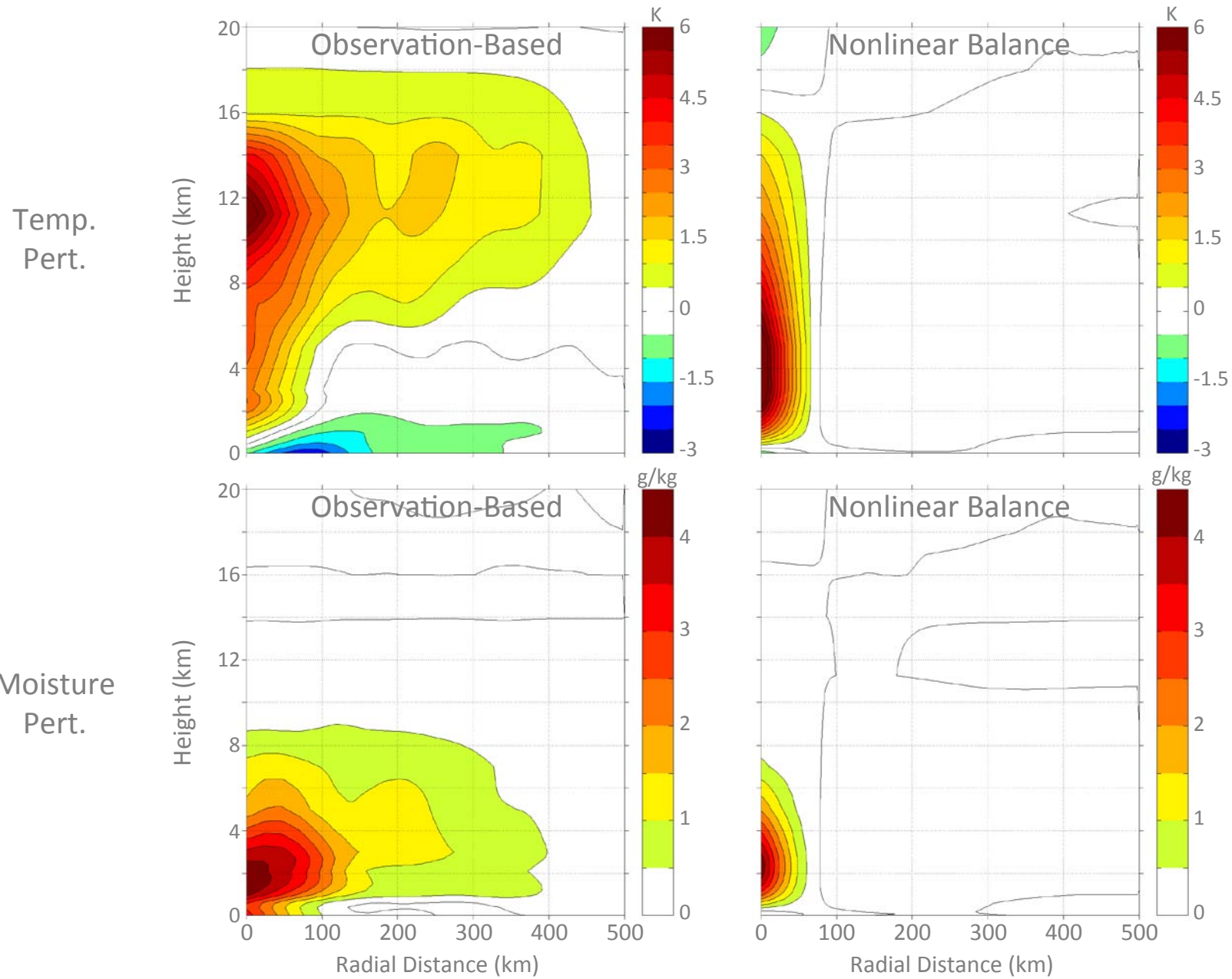


SENSITIVITY TO INITIAL VORTEX STRUCTURE



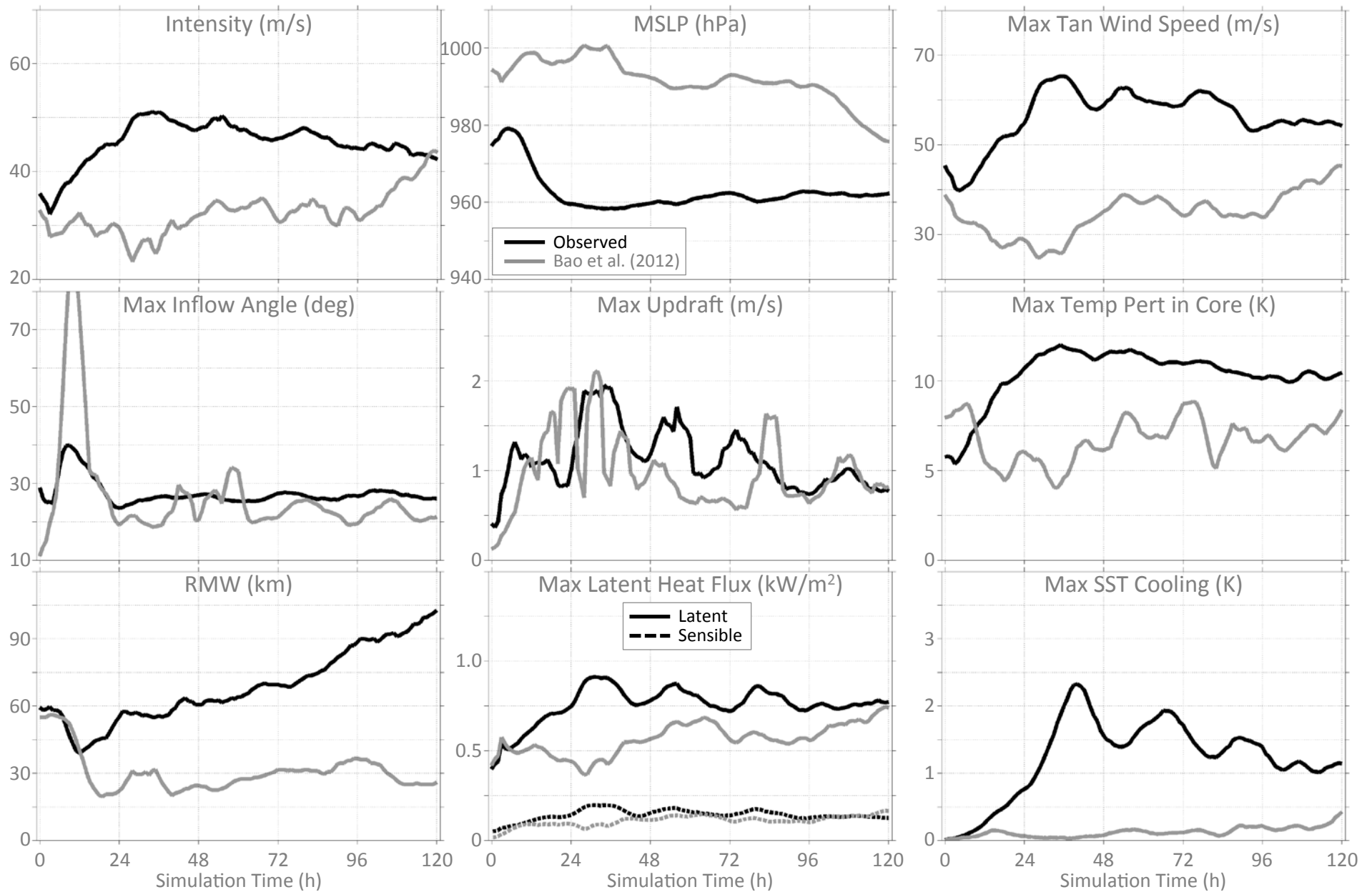
SENSITIVITY TO INITIAL VORTEX STRUCTURE

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SENSITIVITY TO INITIAL VORTEX STRUCTURE

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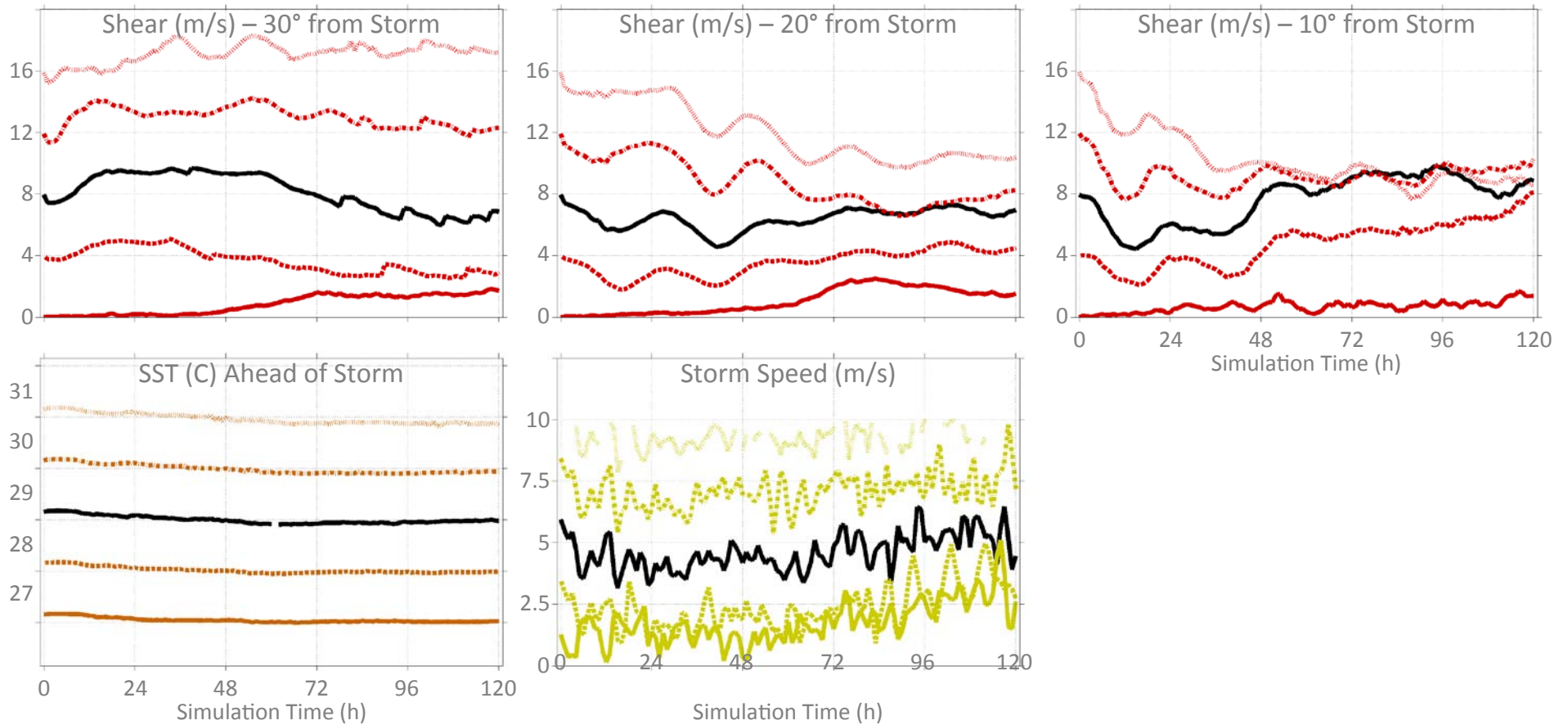


SENSITIVITY TO PARAMETER PERTURBATIONS

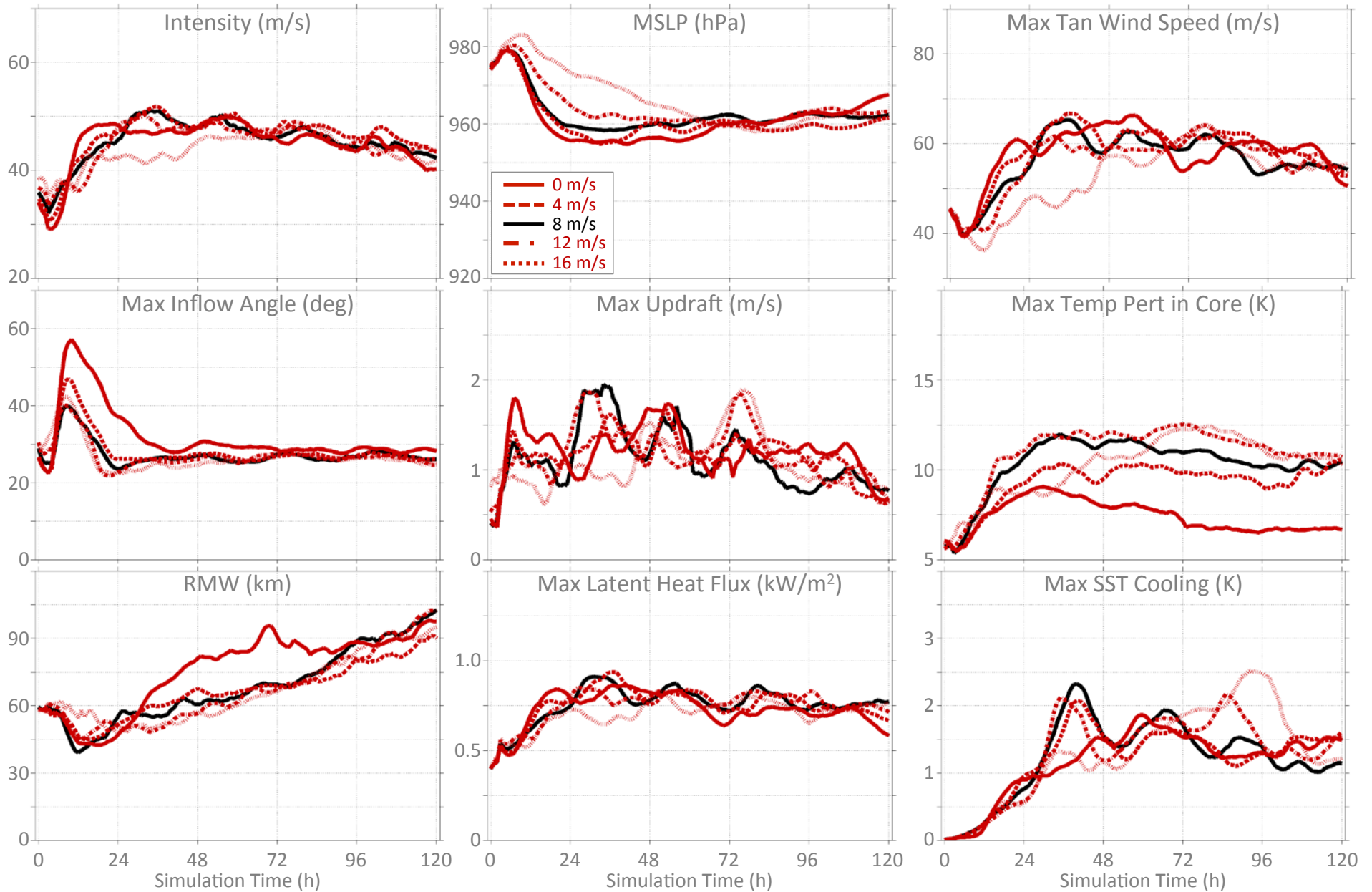
		REALIZATION of PARAMETER PERTURBATION				
				<u>Control</u>		
1. Storm Environment						
- Zonal Shear (m/s)		0	4	8	12	16
- Initial uniform SST (C)		27	28	29	30	31
- Westward storm speed (m/s)		0	2.5	5	7.5	10
2. Initial Vortex						
- Vortex Size (RMW, km)		15	30	45	60	75
- Initial intensity (m/s)	N/A			43		
3. PBL/SL Parameters						
- Eddy Diffusivity Multiplier		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
- Momentum Flux Multiplier		0.5	0.75	1.0	1.25	1.5
- Enthalpy Flux Multiplier		0.5	0.75	1.0	1.25	1.5

EVOLUTION OF ENVIRONMENT PERTURBATIONS

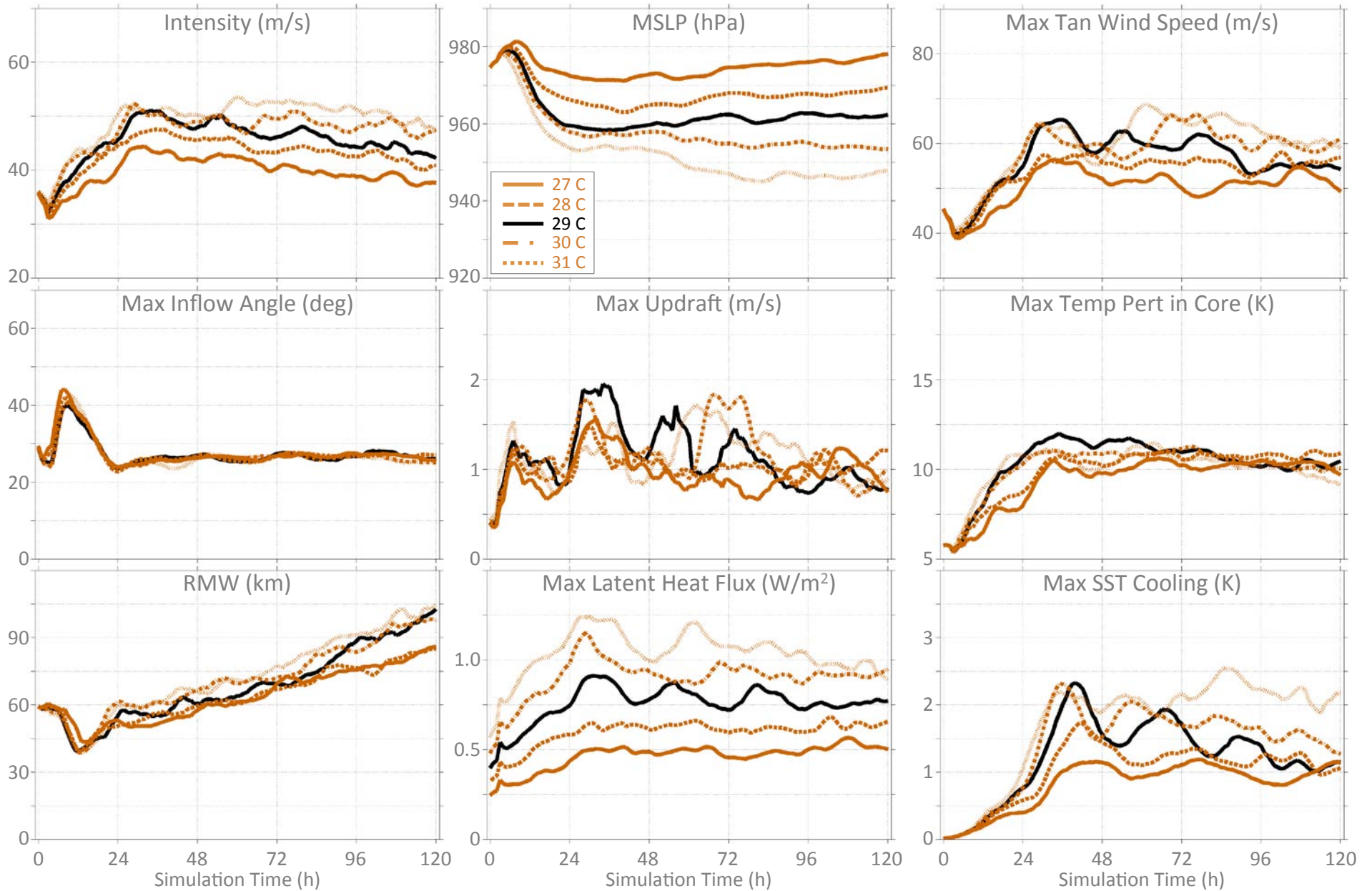
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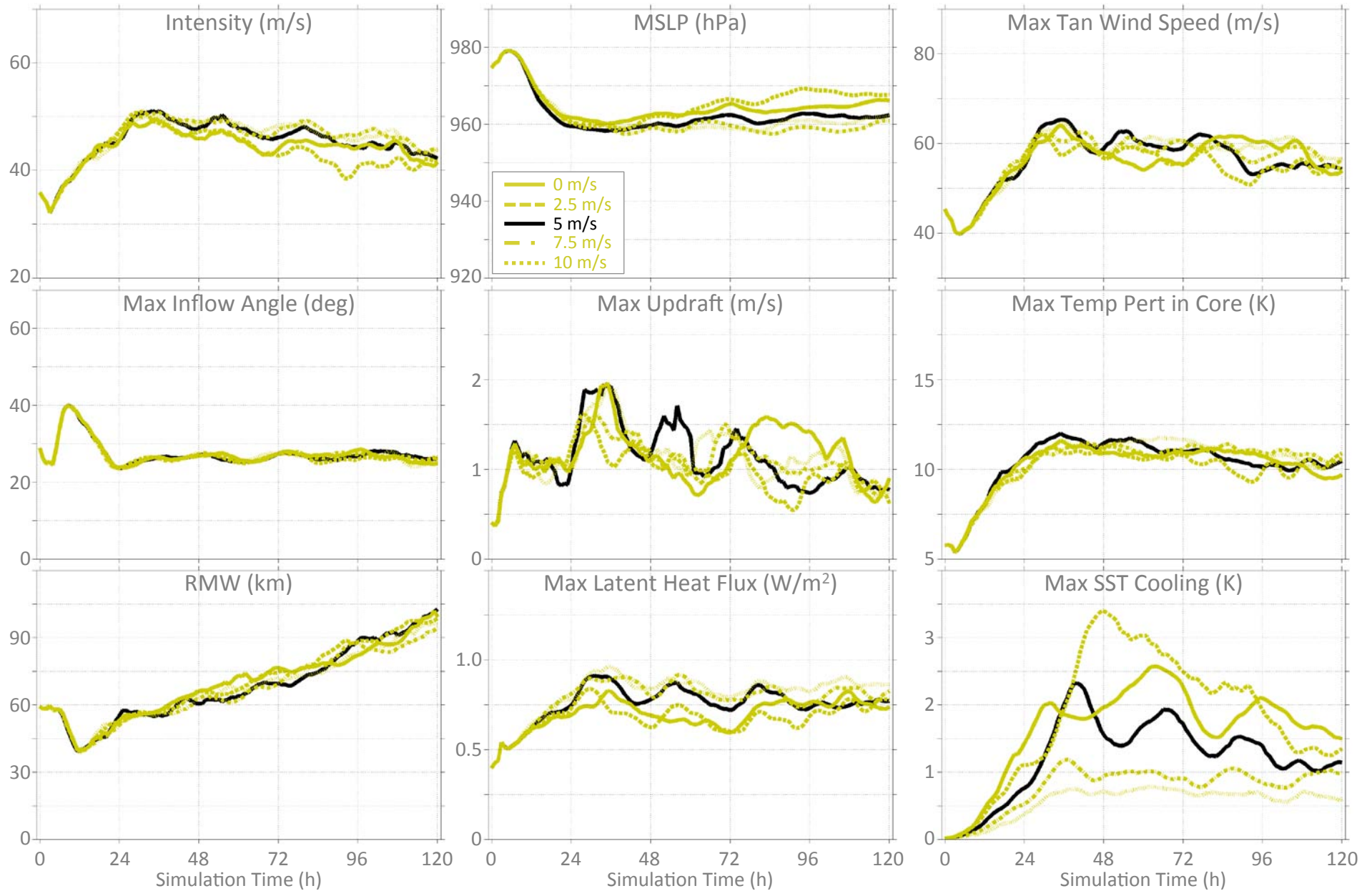
SENSITIVITY TO SHEAR



SENSITIVITY TO SST

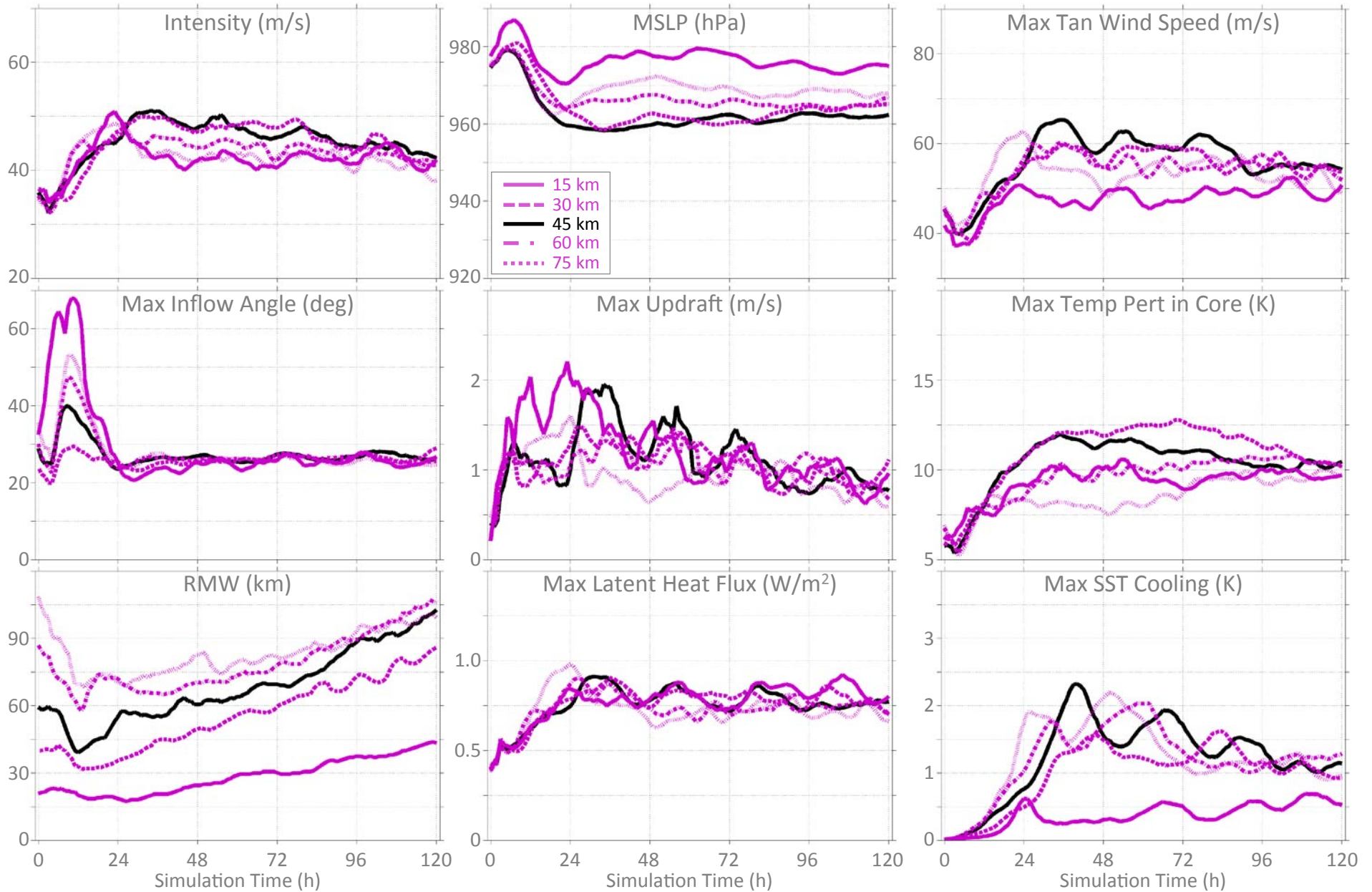


SENSITIVITY TO STORM SPEED



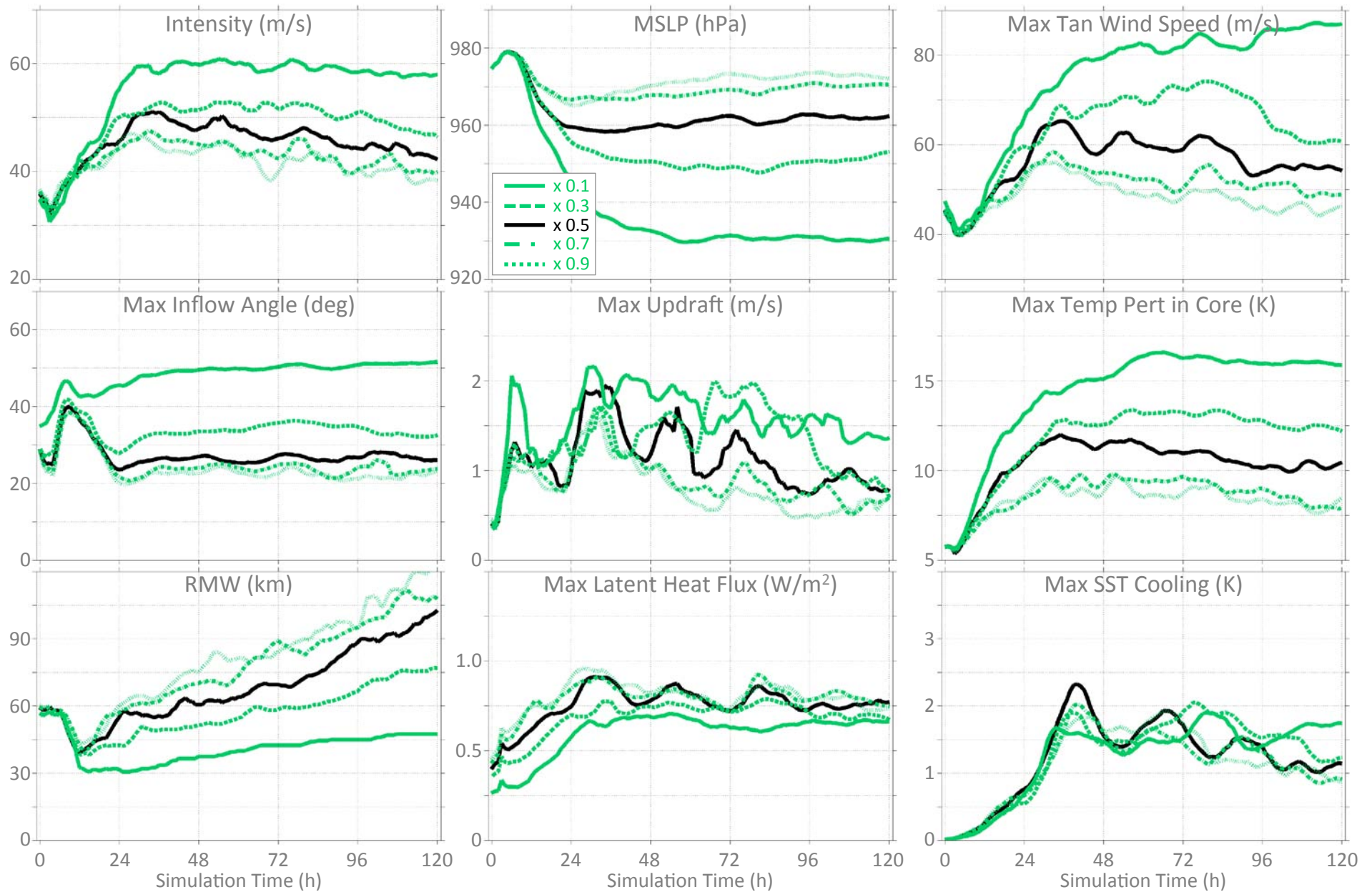
SENSITIVITY TO VORTEX SIZE (RMW)

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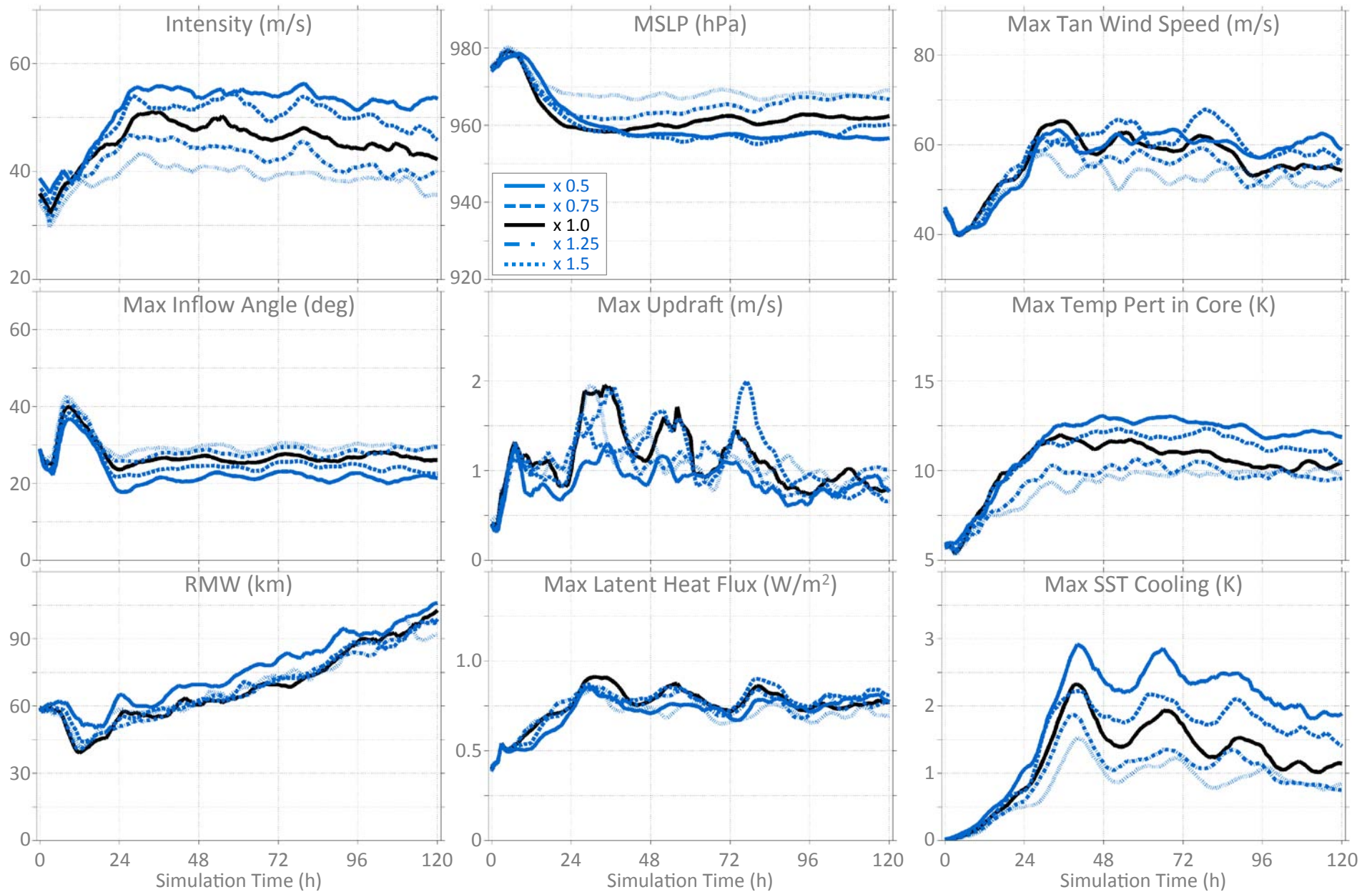


SENSITIVITY TO EDDY DIFFUSIVITY

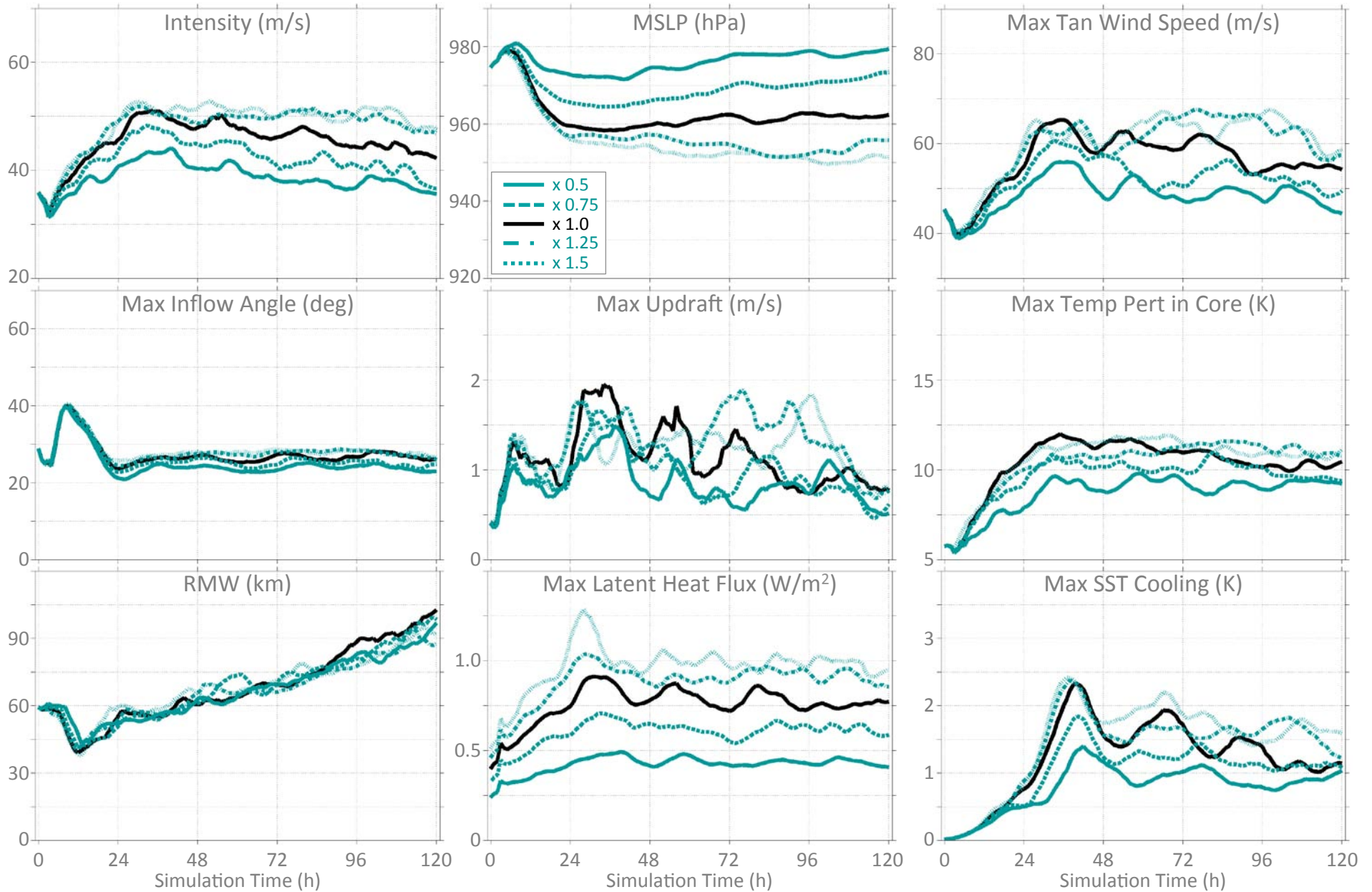
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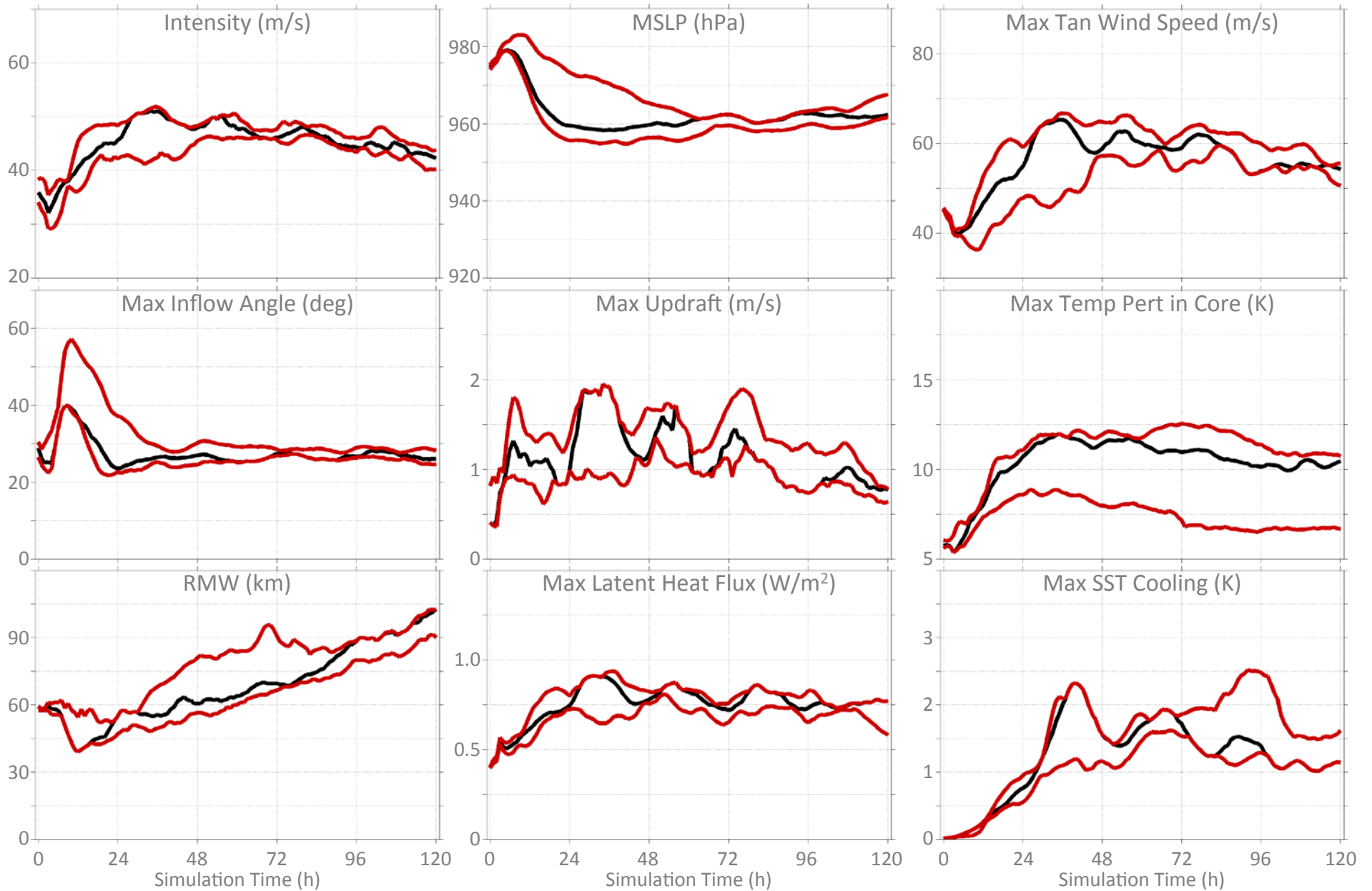
SENSITIVITY TO EXCHANGE COEF. MOMENTUM



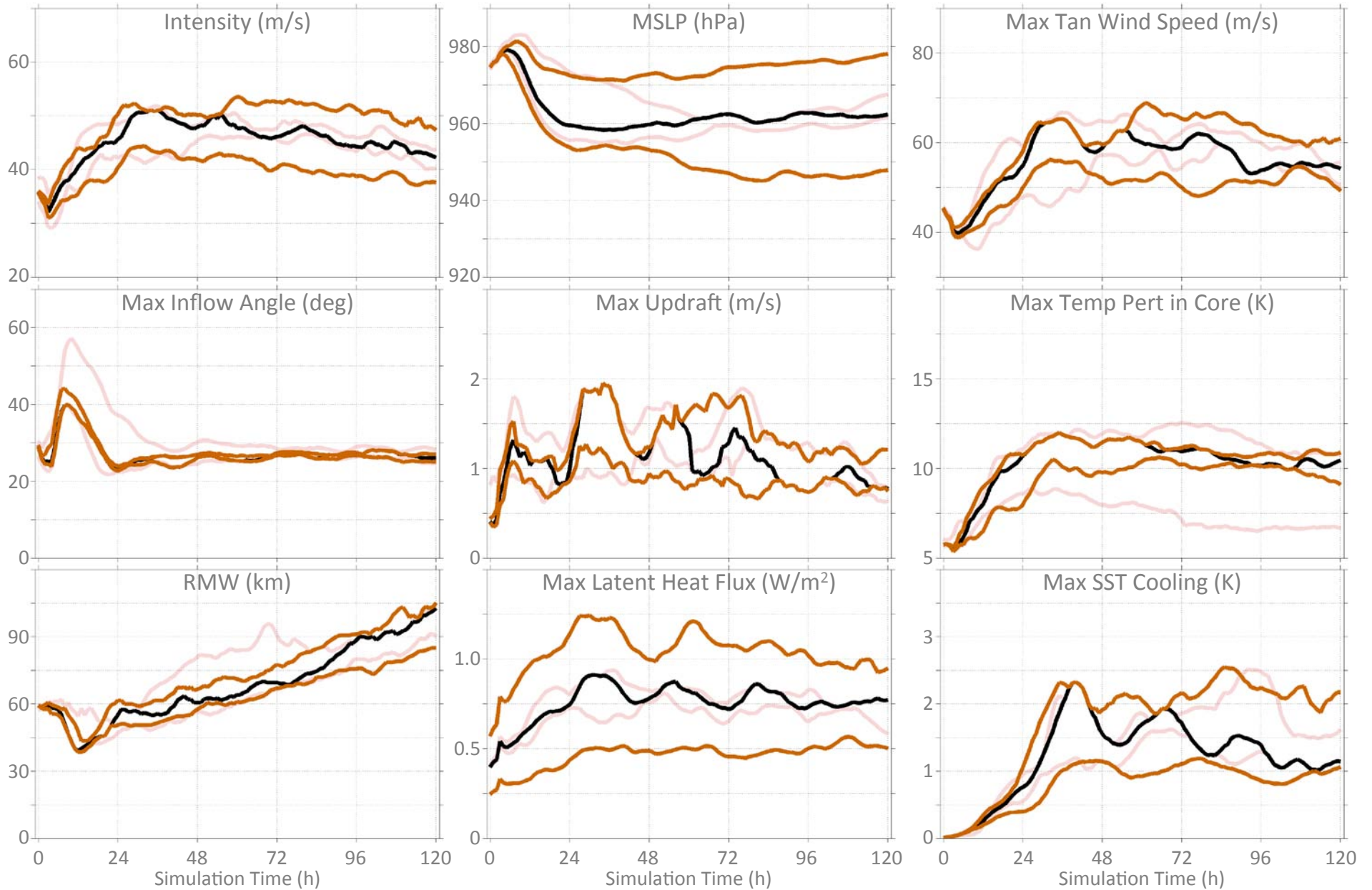
SENSITIVITY TO EXCHANGE COEF. ENTHALPY



SENSITIVITY TO SHEAR

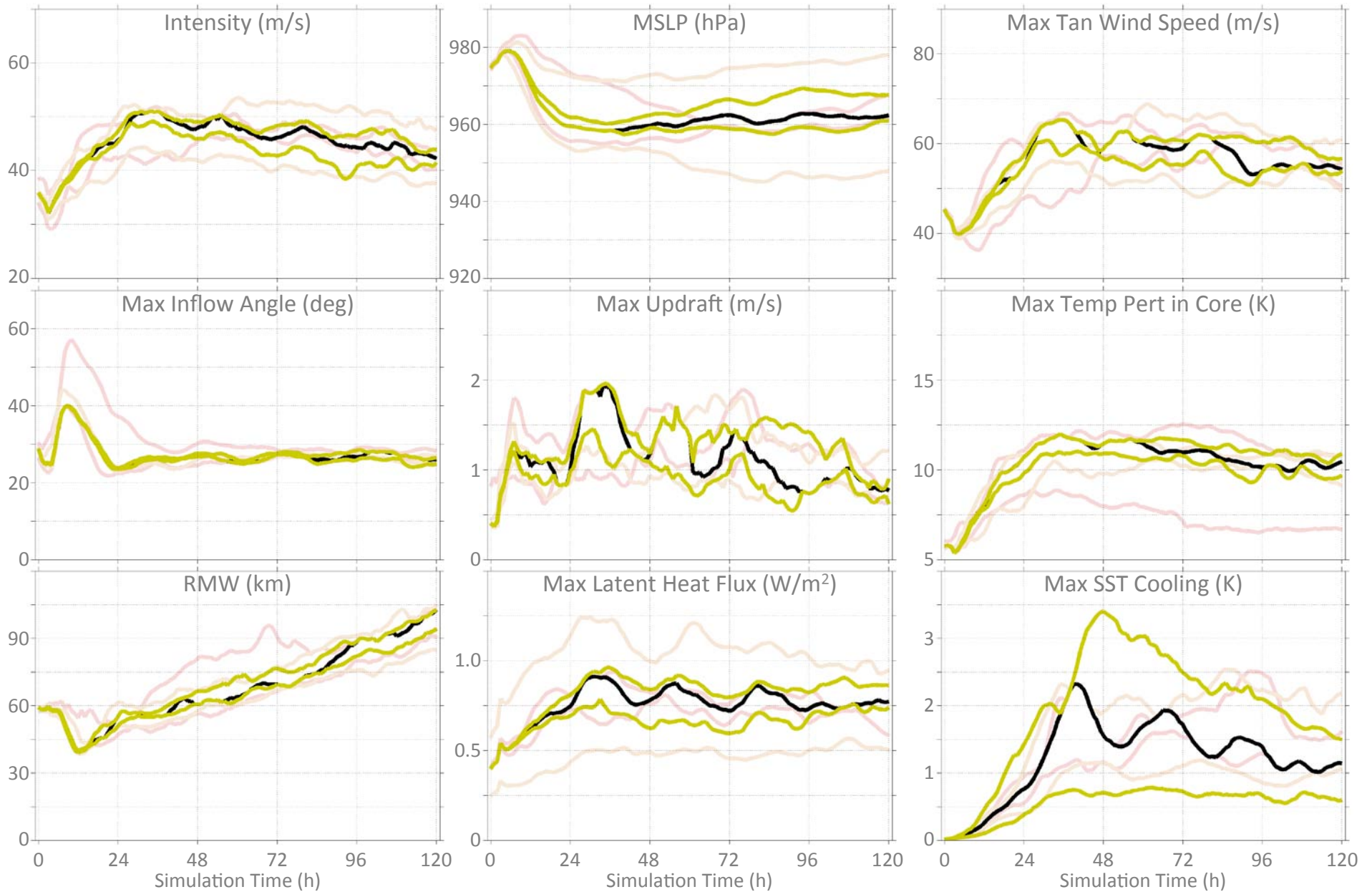


SENSITIVITY TO SST



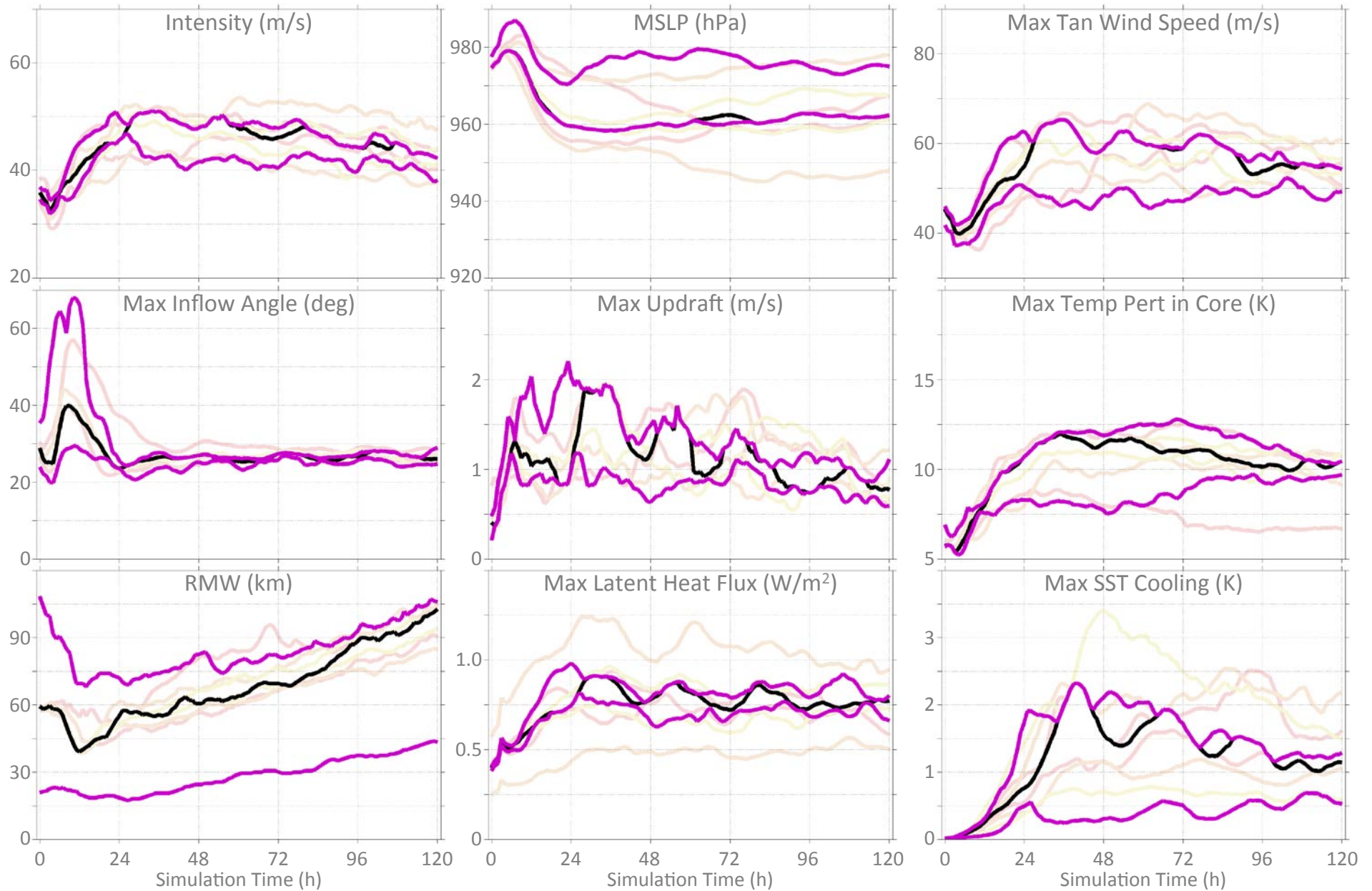
SENSITIVITY TO STORM SPEED

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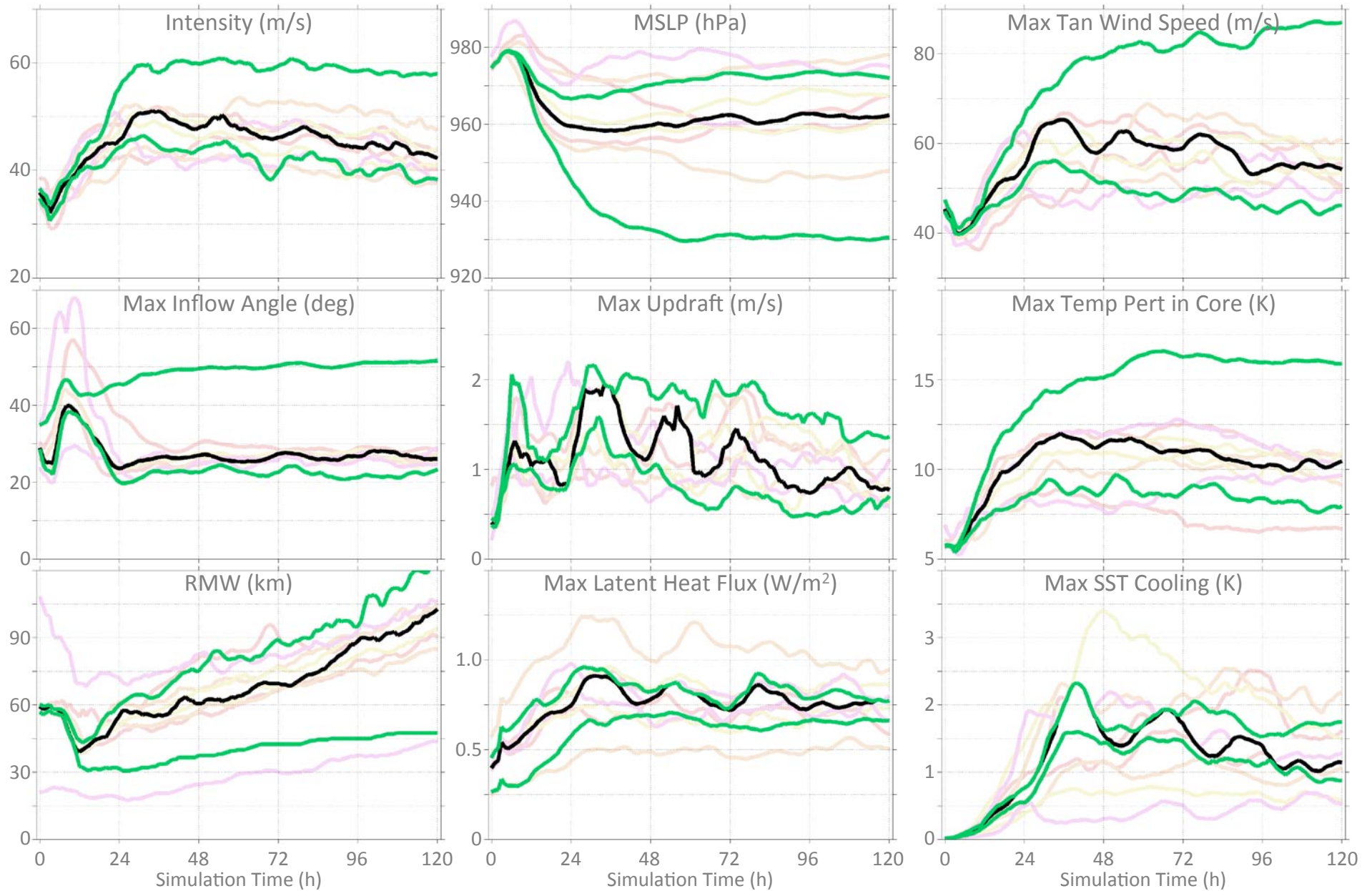
SENSITIVITY TO VORTEX SIZE

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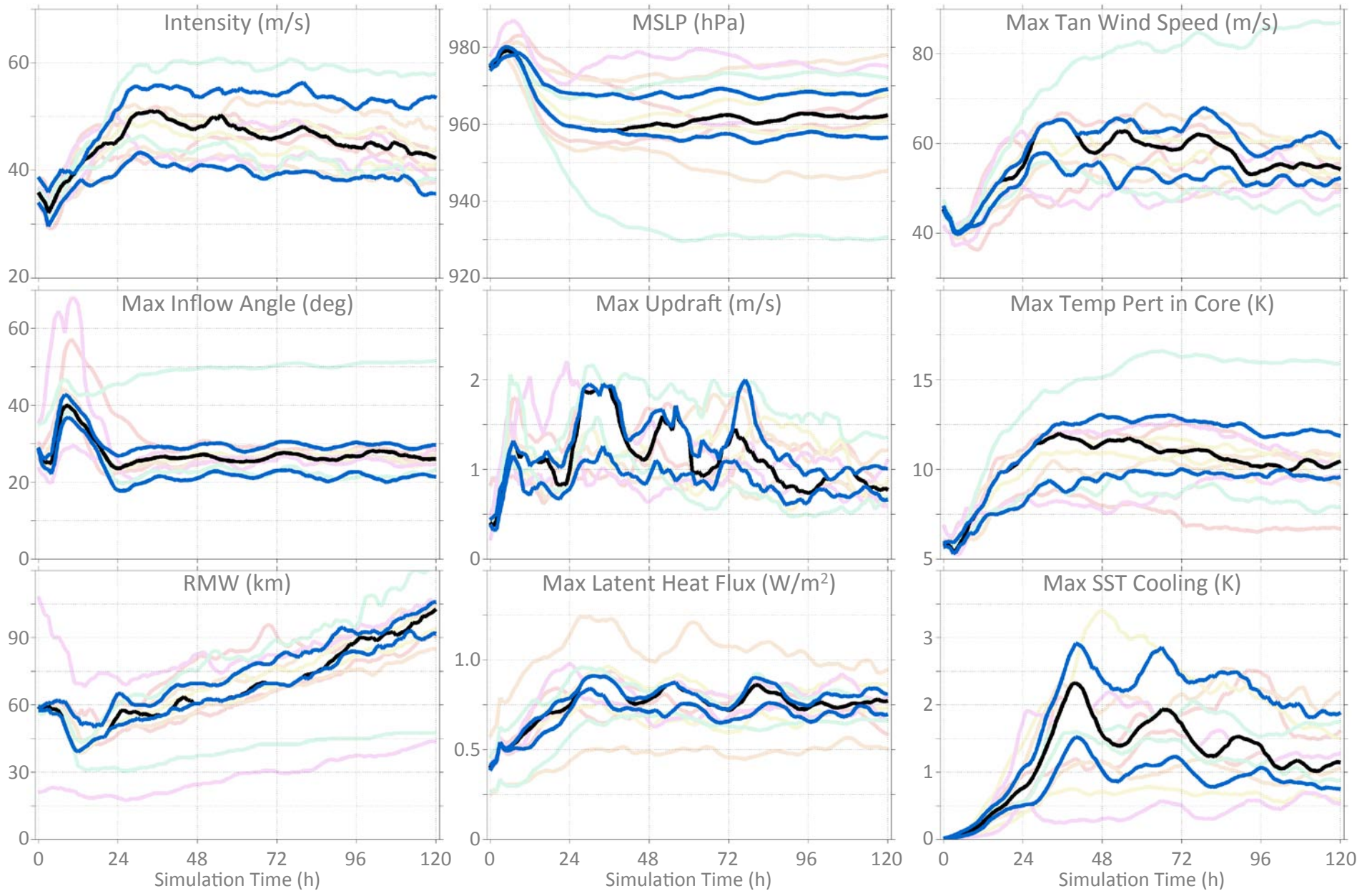


SENSITIVITY TO EDDY DIFFUSIVITY

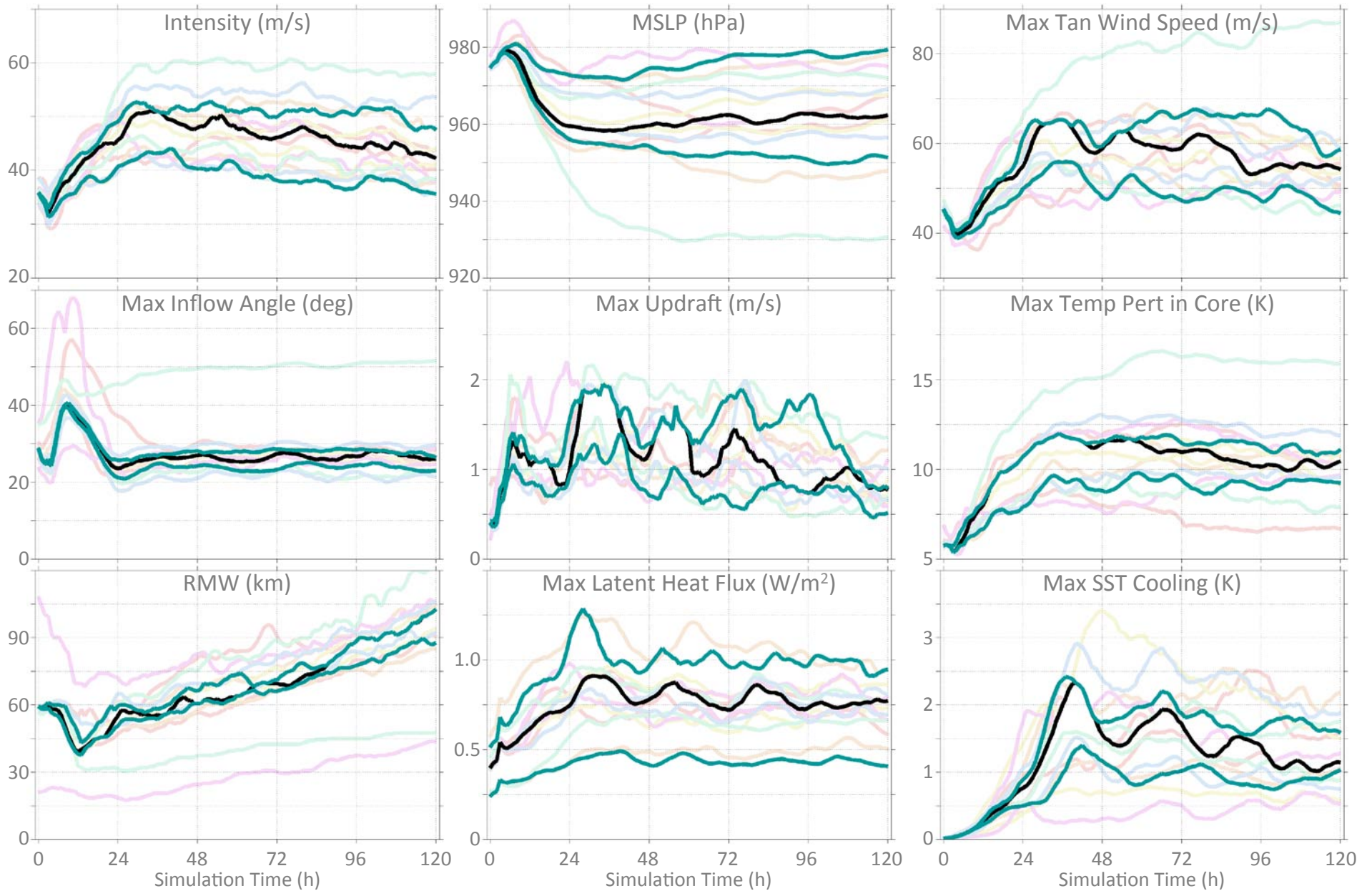
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SENSITIVITY TO EXCHANGE COEF. MOMENTUM



SENSITIVITY TO EXCHANGE COEF. ENTHALPY



RESPONSE FUNCTION – Similar to Tong and Xue (2008, MWR)

- Works for a given metric and parameter combination
(*example: metric = intensity, parameter = shear*)
- Compares the time series of the metric from a run with a realization of the parameter perturbation vs. the control run
(*example: realization of shear = 12 m/s*)
- Differences are normalized by the variance of the control time series for a fair comparison
- For display convenience, $\log_{10}(J)$ will be plotted

$$J_{p,r}^M = \frac{1}{(\sigma_c^M)^2} \left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N (M_{p,r}^t - M_c^t)^2 \right]$$

M : Metric (intensity, MSLP, etc.)

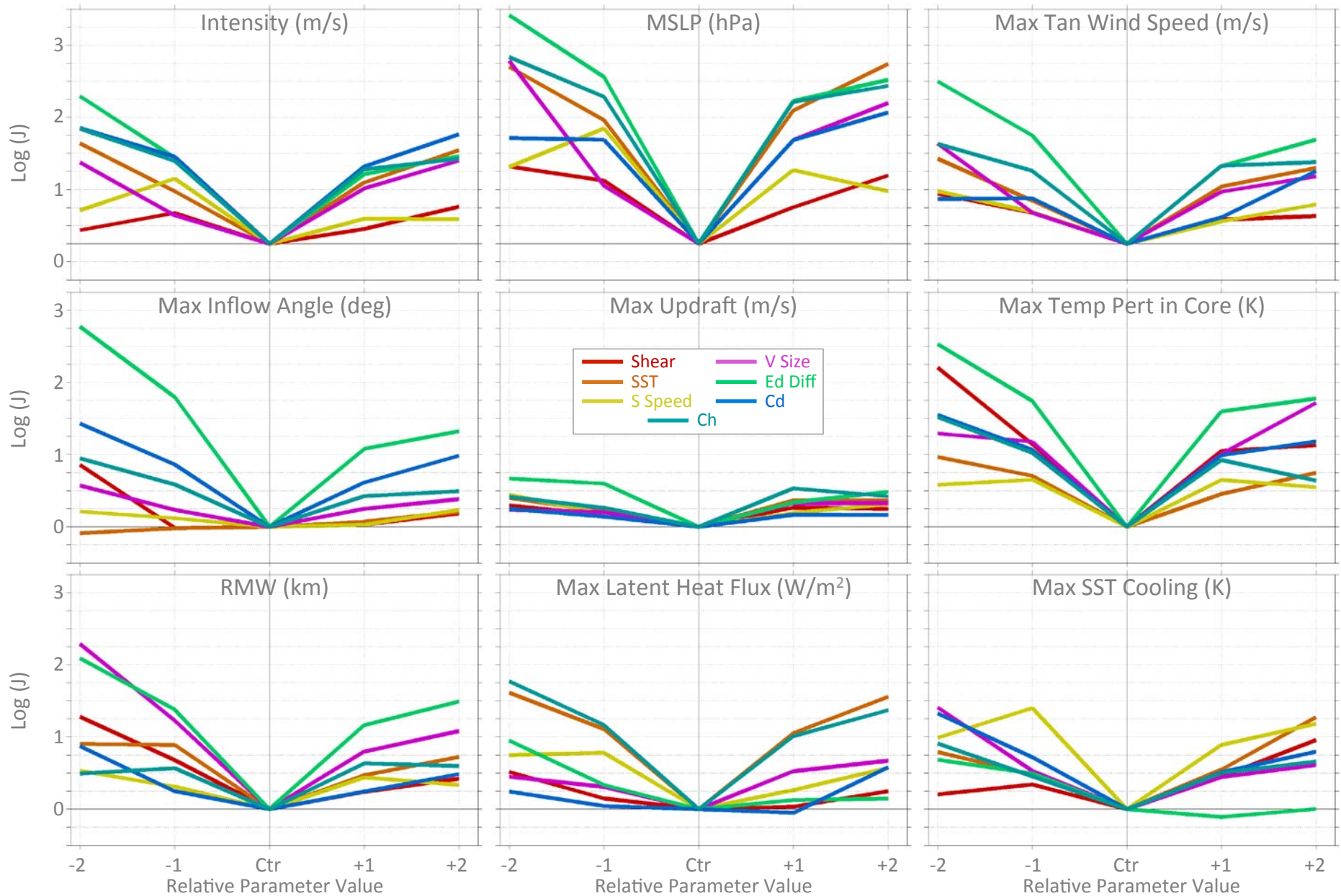
p : Parameter (shear, C_d , etc.)

r : Specific realization of parameter perturbation

c : Control

t : Time -> 48-to-120-h hourly output

COMPARATIVE NORMALIZED SENSITIVITY



- Sensitivity to initial intensity
- Sensitivity to environmental moisture
- Parameter calibration
- Multi-parameter ensemble runs
- Application to real-data DA

A coupled, idealized HWRF system is built to work with shear environments and any specified initial vortex

A realistic, steady-state control run is obtained that is in good agreement with observed PBL and SL structures

Significant sensitivity to initial vortex structure is observed

Comparable sensitivity to environment, initial vortex, and PBL/SL parameterizations is demonstrated

- Aksoy, A., S. D. Aberson, T. Vukicevic, K. J. Sellwood, S. Lorsolo, and X. Zhang, 2013: Assimilation of high-resolution tropical cyclone observations with an ensemble Kalman filter using NOAA/AOML/HRD's HEDAS: Evaluation of the 2008-2011 vortex-scale analyses. *Mon. Wea. Rev.*, **141**, 1842-1865.
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